

BEFORE THE HON'BLE NATIONAL GREEN TRIBUNAL,
Principal Bench, New Delhi

Original Application No. 820/2022

Naveen Kumar

...Applicant

Versus

Union of India & Ors.

...Respondents

Index

S. No.	Particulars	Page No.
1.	Reply on behalf of Respondent No. 2, Central Pollution Control Board in compliance of order dated 18.11.2022 in OA No. 820/2022, Naveen Kumar Vs. Union of India & Ors.	
2.	Annexure-I: A copy of BMWM Rules, 2016.	
3.	Annexure-II: A copy of Hon'ble NGT order dated 18.11.2022 & Notice dated 25.11.2022.	



(V.P. Yadav)

Scientist F

Central Pollution Control Board

Delhi-110032

Date: 20.01.2023

Place: Delhi

**BEFORE THE HON'BLE NATIONAL GREEN TRIBUNAL
PRINCIPAL BENCH, NEW DELHI
ORIGINAL APPLICATION NO. 820 of 2022**

Naveen Kumar

Applicant

Versus

Union of India & Ors.

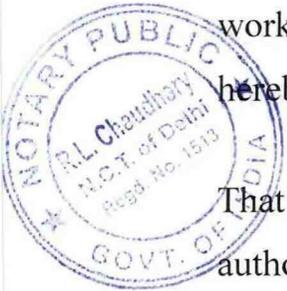
Respondents

**PARA-WISE REPLY AFFIDAVIT ON BEHALF OF RESPONDENT NO. 2
CENTRAL POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD, PARIVESH BHAWAN,
EAST ARJUN NAGAR, DELHI- 110032.**

I, Vijay Prakash Yadav, S/o Shri Ramashraya Yadav, aged about 57 years, working as Scientist "F" in Central Pollution Control Board, New Delhi, do hereby solemnly affirm and declare as under:

That I am fully conversant with the facts of the case and hence, competent and authorized to depose and swear the present affidavit as under:

1. That the averments made under Para No. 1 and 2 are about the addresses of Applicant and Respondents. Hence, no comments to offer by this answering Respondent No. 02 that is Central Pollution Control Board hereinafter will be called as **CPCB**.
2. That the averments made under Para 3 (a) is mere statement reproducing the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 that no person shall establish or operate any industry, operation or process or any treatment and disposal system or any extension which is likely to discharge sewage or trade effluent into a stream or well or sewer or on



land. In this regard, it is to humbly submit that section 25 (a) of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, stipulate that without the previous Consent of the State Pollution Control Board, no person shall establish or take any steps to establish any industry, operation or process, or any treatment and disposal system or any extension or addition thereto, which is likely to discharge sewage or trade effluent into a stream or well or sewer or on land.

3. That the averments made under Para 3 (b) and Para 3 (c) is regarding requirement of authorization by the Occupier from the State Pollution Control Board and Para 3(d) states requirement of authorization by Respondent No. 08 that is Shivalik Hospital which is 10 bedded hospital operating at District Una, Himachal Pradesh. In this regard, it is to humbly submit that as per Biomedical Waste Management Rules, 2016 hereinafter will be called as BMW Rules 2016, the Occupier means a person having administrative control over the institution and the premises generating bio-medical waste, which includes a hospital, nursing home, clinic, dispensary, veterinary institution, animal house, pathological laboratory, blood bank, health care facility and clinical establishment, irrespective of their system of medicine. Further, Rule 10 of BMW Rules 2016 stipulate that every occupier or operator handling bio-medical waste, irrespective of the quantity shall make an application to the prescribed authority that is State Pollution Control Board/Pollution Control Committee (herein after will be called as **SPCB/PCC**), as the case may be, for grant of authorization under said Rules. Copy of BMW Rules,2016 is attached as **Annexure-I**. Thus, it is correct that as per the disclosed facts in the application, the Respondent No. 8 falls under the definition of Occupier.



4. That under averments at Para 3 (e) to 3 (i) the applicant submitted that in letter dated 27.07.2017 Himachal Pradesh Pollution Control Board mentioned about the non-compliance of provision of Biomedical Waste Management Rules, 2016 and also that there is no Consent under Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 for discharge of liquid waste. It is also submitted by the Applicant that Himachal Pradesh Pollution Control Board vide said letter directed the Respondent No. 08 to submit compliance within 15 days. In this regard, it is humbly submitted that as per BMW Rules, 2016, it is the duty of every occupier to take all necessary steps to ensure that bio-medical waste is handled without any adverse effect to human health and the environment and in accordance with BMW Rules, 2016. BMW Rules, 2016 also stipulate that every occupier irrespective of the quantity shall obtain the authorization from the SPCB/PCC and the validity of such authorization for bedded health care facility synchronized with the validity of the consents.

5. That the averments made under Para 3 (j) to 3 (k) are regarding establishment of Hospital by Respondent no. 08 in a residential plot and also in contravention of Master Plan issued by Department of Town and Country Planning, Govt. of Himachal Pradesh. In this regard, it is humbly submitted that this answering Respondent No. 02 is not aware about the location of said hospital and it is also submitted that this answering Respondent has no mandate for reviewing the location criteria for hospital. Hence, no comments to offer by this answering Respondent No. 02. Himachal Pradesh Pollution Control Board is the Prescribed



Authority for the State of Himachal Pradesh for ensuring implementation of Biomedical Waste Management Rules, 2016.

6. That the averments made under Paras 04 and 05 are prayer made by the Applicant before Hon'ble Tribunal and hence no comments to offer by this answering Respondent No. 02.

GROUNDS

9. That the averments made under Grounds at Para A to Para E are regarding operation of Hospital by Respondent No. 08 that is Shivalik Hospital, District Una, Himachal Pradesh without having Consent under Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and authorization under Biomedical Waste Management Rules, 2016 from Himachal Pradesh Pollution Control Board. In this regard, reply made under above Paras may kindly be referred.

10. In view of the above facts indicated in earlier paras, it is respectfully submitted that this Respondent shall abide by any order or direction, passed by this Hon'ble Tribunal.



DEPONENT
 विजय प्रकाश यादव / Vijay Prakash Yadav
 निदेशक/ Director
 केंद्रीय प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड
 Central Pollution Control Board
 पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन विभाग, भारत सरकार
 (Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change, Govt. of India)
 परिवेश भवन, पूर्वी अर्जुन नगर, दिल्ली-110032
 Parivesh Bhawan, East Arjun Nagar, Delhi-110032

145

VERIFICATION

Verified at Delhi on this 20th day of January, 2023 that the contents of the above reply affidavit are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Nothing has been concealed therein.



DEPONENT

विजय प्रकाश यादव / Vijay Prakash Yadav
निदेशक / Director
केंद्रीय प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड
Central Pollution Control Board
पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन विभाग, भारत सरकार
(Min. Environment, Forest & Climate Change, Govt. of India)
परिवेश भवन, पूर्व अर्जुन नगर, दिल्ली-110032
Parivesh Bhawan, East Arjun Nagar, Delhi-110032



ATTESTED


NOTARY PUBLIC
GOVT. OF INDIA

20 JAN 2023

[Published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i)]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 28th March, 2016

G.S.R. 343(E).-Whereas the Bio-Medical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 1998 was published *vide* notification number S.O. 630 (E) dated the 20th July, 1998, by the Government of India in the erstwhile Ministry of Environment and Forests, provided a regulatory frame work for management of bio-medical waste generated in the country;

And whereas, to implement these rules more effectively and to improve the collection, segregation, processing, treatment and disposal of these bio-medical wastes in an environmentally sound management thereby, reducing the bio- medical waste generation and its impact on the environment, the Central Government reviewed the existing rules;

And whereas, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6, 8 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986), the Central Government published the draft rules in the Gazette *vide* number G.S.R. 450 (E), dated the 3rd June, 2015 inviting objections or suggestions from the public within sixty days from the date on which copies of the Gazette containing the said notification were made available to the public;

And whereas, the copies of the Gazette containing the said draft rules were made available to the public on the 3rd June, 2015;

And whereas, the objections or comments received within the specified period from the public in respect of the said draft rules have been duly considered by the Central Government;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, 8 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986), and in supersession of the Bio-Medical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 1998, except as respects things done or omitted to be done before such suppression, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:-

1. Short title and commencement.- (1) these rules may be called the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016.

(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. Application.-

(1) These rules shall apply to all persons who generate, collect, receive, store, transport, treat, dispose, or handle bio medical waste in any form including hospitals, nursing homes, clinics, dispensaries, veterinary institutions, animal houses, pathological laboratories, blood banks, ayush

hospitals, clinical establishments, research or educational institutions, health camps, medical or surgical camps, vaccination camps, blood donation camps, first aid rooms of schools, forensic laboratories and research labs.

- (2). These rules shall not apply to,-
- (a) radioactive wastes as covered under the provisions of the Atomic Energy Act, 1962(33 of 1962) and the rules made there under;
 - (b) hazardous chemicals covered under the Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules, 1989 made under the Act;
 - (c) solid wastes covered under the Municipal Solid Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2000 made under the Act;
 - (d) the lead acid batteries covered under the Batteries (Management and Handling) Rules, 2001 made under the Act;
 - (e) hazardous wastes covered under the Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008 made under the Act;
 - (f) waste covered under the e-Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2011 made under the Act; and
 - (g) hazardous micro organisms, genetically engineered micro organisms and cells covered under the Manufacture, Use, Import, Export and Storage of Hazardous Microorganisms, Genetically Engineered Micro organisms or Cells Rules, 1989 made under the Act.

3. **Definitions.-** In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires, -

- (a) "Act" means the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986);
- (b) "animal house" means a place where animals are reared or kept for the purpose of experiments or testing;
- (c) "authorisation" means permission granted by the prescribed authority for the generation, collection, reception, storage, transportation, treatment, processing, disposal or any other form of handling of bio-medical waste in accordance with these rules and guidelines issued by the Central Government or Central Pollution Control Board as the case may be;
- (d) "authorised person" means an occupier or operator authorised by the prescribed authority to generate, collect, receive, store, transport, treat, process, dispose or handle bio-medical waste in accordance with these rules and the guidelines issued by the Central Government or the Central Pollution Control Board, as the case may be;

- (e) "biological" means any preparation made from organisms or micro-organisms or product of metabolism and biochemical reactions intended for use in the diagnosis, immunisation or the treatment of human beings or animals or in research activities pertaining thereto;
- (f) "bio-medical waste" means any waste, which is generated during the diagnosis, treatment or immunisation of human beings or animals or research activities pertaining thereto or in the production or testing of biological or in health camps, including the categories mentioned in Schedule I appended to these rules;
- (g) "bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility" means any facility wherein treatment, disposal of bio-medical waste or processes incidental to such treatment and disposal is carried out, and includes common bio-medical waste treatment facilities;
- (h) "Form" means the Form appended to these rules;
- (i) "handling" in relation to bio-medical waste includes the generation, sorting, segregation, collection, use, storage, packaging, loading, transportation, unloading, processing, treatment, destruction, conversion, or offering for sale, transfer, disposal of such waste;
- (j) "health care facility" means a place where diagnosis, treatment or immunisation of human beings or animals is provided irrespective of type and size of health treatment system, and research activity pertaining thereto;
- (k) "major accident" means accident occurring while handling of bio-medical waste having potential to affect large masses of public and includes toppling of the truck carrying bio-medical waste, accidental release of bio-medical waste in any water body but exclude accidents like needle prick injuries, mercury spills;
- (l) "management" includes all steps required to ensure that bio- medical waste is managed in such a manner as to protect health and environment against any adverse effects due to handling of such waste;
- (m) "occupier" means a person having administrative control over the institution and the premises generating bio-medical waste, which includes a hospital, nursing home, clinic, dispensary, veterinary institution, animal house, pathological laboratory, blood bank, health care facility and clinical establishment, irrespective of their system of medicine and by whatever name they are called;
- (n) "operator of a common bio-medical waste treatment facility" means a person who owns or controls a Common Bio-medical Waste Treatment Facility (CBMWTF) for the collection, reception, storage, transport, treatment, disposal or any other form of handling of bio-medical waste;
- (o) "prescribed authority" means the State Pollution Control Board in respect of a State and Pollution Control Committees in respect of an Union territory;
- (p) "Schedule" means the Schedule appended to these rules.

4. **Duties of the Occupier.-** It shall be the duty of every occupier to-
- (a) take all necessary steps to ensure that bio-medical waste is handled without any adverse effect to human health and the environment and in accordance with these rules;
 - (b) make a provision within the premises for a safe, ventilated and secured location for storage of segregated biomedical waste in colored bags or containers in the manner as specified in Schedule I, to ensure that there shall be no secondary handling, pilferage of recyclables or inadvertent scattering or spillage by animals and the bio-medical waste from such place or premises shall be directly transported in the manner as prescribed in these rules to the common bio-medical waste treatment facility or for the appropriate treatment and disposal, as the case may be, in the manner as prescribed in Schedule I;
 - (c) pre-treat the laboratory waste, microbiological waste, blood samples and blood bags through disinfection or sterilisation on-site in the manner as prescribed by the World Health Organisation (WHO) or National AIDS Control Organisation (NACO) guidelines and then sent to the common bio-medical waste treatment facility for final disposal;
 - (d) phase out use of chlorinated plastic bags, gloves and blood bags within two years from the date of notification of these rules;
 - (e) dispose of solid waste other than bio-medical waste in accordance with the provisions of respective waste management rules made under the relevant laws and amended from time to time;
 - (f) not to give treated bio-medical waste with municipal solid waste;
 - (g) provide training to all its health care workers and others, involved in handling of bio medical waste at the time of induction and thereafter at least once every year and the details of training programmes conducted, number of personnel trained and number of personnel not undergone any training shall be provided in the Annual Report;
 - (h) immunise all its health care workers and others, involved in handling of bio-medical waste for protection against diseases including Hepatitis B and Tetanus that are likely to be transmitted by handling of bio-medical waste, in the manner as prescribed in the National Immunisation Policy or the guidelines of the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare issued from time to time;
 - (i) establish a Bar- Code System for bags or containers containing bio-medical waste to be sent out of the premises or place for any purpose within one year from the date of the notification of these rules;
 - (j) ensure segregation of liquid chemical waste at source and ensure pre-treatment or neutralisation prior to mixing with other effluent generated from health care facilities;
 - (k) ensure treatment and disposal of liquid waste in accordance with the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 (6 of 1974);

- (l) ensure occupational safety of all its health care workers and others involved in handling of bio-medical waste by providing appropriate and adequate personal protective equipments;
- (m) conduct health check up at the time of induction and at least once in a year for all its health care workers and others involved in handling of bio- medical waste and maintain the records for the same;
- (n) maintain and update on day to day basis the bio-medical waste management register and display the monthly record on its website according to the bio-medical waste generated in terms of category and colour coding as specified in Schedule I;
- (o) report major accidents including accidents caused by fire hazards, blasts during handling of bio-medical waste and the remedial action taken and the records relevant thereto, (including nil report) in Form I to the prescribed authority **and also** along with the annual report;
- (p) make available the annual report on its web-site and all the health care facilities shall make own website within two years from the date of notification of these rules;
- (q) inform the prescribed authority immediately in case the operator of a facility does not collect the bio-medical waste within the intended time or as per the agreed time;
- (r) establish a system to review and monitor the activities related to bio-medical waste management, either through an existing committee or by forming a new committee and the Committee shall meet once in every six months and the record of the minutes of the meetings of this committee shall be submitted along with the annual report to the prescribed authority and the healthcare establishments having less than thirty beds shall designate a qualified person to review and monitor the activities relating to bio-medical waste management within that establishment and submit the annual report;
- (s) maintain all record for operation of incineration, hydro or autoclaving etc., for a period of five years;
- (t) existing incinerators to achieve the standards for treatment and disposal of bio-medical waste as specified in Schedule II for retention time in secondary chamber and Dioxin and Furans within two years from the date of this notification.

5. Duties of the operator of a common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility.-It shall be the duty of every operator to -

- (a) take all necessary steps to ensure that the bio-medical waste collected from the occupier is transported, handled, stored, treated and disposed of, without any adverse effect to the human health and the environment, in accordance with these rules and guidelines issued by the Central Government or, as the case may be, the central pollution control board from time to time;
- (b) ensure timely collection of bio-medical waste from the occupier as prescribed under these rules;
- (c) establish bar coding and global positioning system for handling of bio- medical waste within one year;

- (d) inform the prescribed authority immediately regarding the occupiers which are not handing over the segregated bio-medical waste in accordance with these rules;
- (e) provide training for all its workers involved in handling of bio-medical waste at the time of induction and at least once a year thereafter;
- (f) assist the occupier in training conducted by them for bio-medical waste management;
- (g) undertake appropriate medical examination at the time of induction and at least once in a year and immunise all its workers involved in handling of bio-medical waste for protection against diseases, including Hepatitis B and Tetanus, that are likely to be transmitted while handling bio-medical waste and maintain the records for the same;
- (h) ensure occupational safety of all its workers involved in handling of bio-medical waste by providing appropriate and adequate personal protective equipment;
- (i) report major accidents including accidents caused by fire hazards, blasts during handling of bio-medical waste and the remedial action taken and the records relevant thereto, (including nil report) in Form I to the prescribed authority **and also** along with the annual report;
- (i) maintain a log book for each of its treatment equipment according to weight of batch; categories of waste treated; time, date and duration of treatment cycle and total hours of operation;
- (k) allow occupier, who are giving waste for treatment to the operator, to see whether the treatment is carried out as per the rules;
- (l) shall display details of authorisation, treatment, annual report etc on its web-site;
- (m) after ensuring treatment by autoclaving or microwaving followed by mutilation or shredding, whichever is applicable, the recyclables from the treated bio-medical wastes such as plastics and glass, shall be given to recyclers having valid consent or authorisation or registration from the respective State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee;
- (n) supply non-chlorinated plastic coloured bags to the occupier on chargeable basis, if required;
- (o) common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall ensure collection of biomedical waste on holidays also;
- (p) maintain all record for operation of incineration, hydroor autoclaving for a period of five years; and
- (q) upgrade existing incinerators to achieve the standards for retention time in secondary chamber and Dioxin and Furans within two years from the date of this notification.

6. **Duties of authorities.**-The Authority specified in column (2) of Schedule-III shall perform the duties as specified in column (3) thereof in accordance with the provisions of these rules.

7. Treatment and disposal.- (1) Bio-medical waste shall be treated and disposed of in accordance with Schedule I, and in compliance with the standards provided in Schedule-II by the health care facilities and common bio-medical waste treatment facility.

(2) Occupier shall hand over segregated waste as per the Schedule-I to common bio-medical waste treatment facility for treatment, processing and final disposal:

Provided that the lab and highly infectious bio-medical waste generated shall be pre-treated by equipment like autoclave or microwave.

(3) No occupier shall establish on-site treatment and disposal facility, if a service of common bio-medical waste treatment facility is available at a distance of seventy-five kilometer.

(4) In cases where service of the common bio-medical waste treatment facility is not available, the Occupiers shall set up requisite biomedical waste treatment equipment like incinerator, autoclave or microwave, shredder prior to commencement of its operation, as per the authorisation given by the prescribed authority.

(5) Any person including an occupier or operator of a common bio medical waste treatment facility, intending to use new technologies for treatment of bio medical waste other than those listed in Schedule I shall request the Central Government for laying down the standards or operating parameters.

(6) On receipt of a request referred to in sub-rule (5), the Central Government may determine the standards and operating parameters for new technology which may be published in Gazette by the Central Government.

(7) Every operator of common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall set up requisite biomedical waste treatment equipments like incinerator, autoclave or microwave, shredder and effluent treatment plant as a part of treatment, prior to commencement of its operation.

(8) Every occupier shall phase out use of non-chlorinated plastic bags within two years from the date of publication of these rules and after two years from such publication of these rules, the chlorinated plastic bags shall not be used for storing and transporting of bio-medical waste and the occupier or operator of a common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall not dispose of such plastics by incineration and the bags used for storing and transporting biomedical waste shall be in compliance with the Bureau of Indian Standards. Till the Standards are published, the carry bags shall be as per the Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2011.

(9) After ensuring treatment by autoclaving or microwaving followed by mutilation or shredding, whichever is applicable, the recyclables from the treated bio-medical wastes such as plastics and glass shall be given to such recyclers having valid authorisation or registration from the respective prescribed authority.

(10) The Occupier or Operator of a common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall maintain a record of recyclable wastes referred to in sub-rule (9) which are auctioned or sold and the same shall be submitted to the prescribed authority as part of its annual report. The record shall be open for inspection by the prescribed authorities.

- (11) The handling and disposal of all the mercury waste and lead waste shall be in accordance with the respective rules and regulations.

8. Segregation, packaging, transportation and storage.-(1) No untreated bio-medical waste shall be mixed with other wastes.

- (2) The bio-medical waste shall be segregated into containers or bags at the point of generation in accordance with Schedule I prior to its storage, transportation, treatment and disposal.
- (3) The containers or bags referred to in sub-rule (2) shall be labeled as specified in Schedule IV.
- (4) Bar code and global positioning system shall be added by the Occupier and common bio-medical waste treatment facility in one year time.
- (5) The operator of common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall transport the bio-medical waste from the premises of an occupier to any off-site bio-medical waste treatment facility only in the vehicles having label as provided in part 'A' of the Schedule IV along with necessary information as specified in part 'B' of the Schedule IV.
- (6) The vehicles used for transportation of bio-medical waste shall comply with the conditions if any stipulated by the State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee in addition to the requirement contained in the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 (59 of 1988), if any or the rules made there under for transportation of such infectious waste.
- (7) Untreated human anatomical waste, animal anatomical waste, soiled waste and, biotechnology waste shall not be stored beyond a period of forty –eight hours:

Provided that in case for any reason it becomes necessary to store such waste beyond such a period, the occupier shall take appropriate measures to ensure that the waste does not adversely affect human health and the environment and inform the prescribed authority along with the reasons for doing so.

- (8) Microbiology waste and all other clinical laboratory waste shall be pre-treated by sterilisation to Log 6 or disinfection to Log 4, as per the World Health Organisation guidelines before packing and sending to the common bio-medical waste treatment facility.

9. Prescribed authority.-(1) The prescribed authority for implementation of the provisions of these rules shall be the State Pollution Control Boards in respect of States and Pollution Control Committees in respect of Union territories.

- (2) The prescribed authority for enforcement of the provisions of these rules in respect of all health care establishments including hospitals, nursing homes, clinics, dispensaries, veterinary institutions, animal houses, pathological laboratories and blood banks of the Armed Forces under the Ministry of Defence shall be the Director General, Armed Forces Medical Services, who shall function under the supervision and control of the Ministry of Defence.

- (3) The prescribed authorities shall comply with the responsibilities as stipulated in Schedule III of these rules.

10. Procedure for authorisation.-Every occupier or operator handling bio-medical waste, irrespective of the quantity shall make an application in Form II to the prescribed authority i.e. State Pollution Control Board and Pollution Control Committee, as the case may be, for grant of authorisation and the prescribed authority shall grant the provisional authorisation in Form III and the validity of such authorisation for bedded health care facility and operator of a common facility shall be synchronised with the validity of the consents.

- (1) The authorisation shall be one time for non-bedded occupiers and the authorisation in such cases shall be deemed to have been granted, if not objected by the prescribed authority within a period of ninety days from the date of receipt of duly completed application along with such necessary documents.
- (2) In case of refusal of renewal, cancellation or suspension of the authorisation by the prescribed authority, the reasons shall be recorded in writing:

Provided that the prescribed authority shall give an opportunity of being heard to the applicant before such refusal of the authorisation.

- (3) Every application for authorisation shall be disposed of by the prescribed authority within a period of ninety days from the date of receipt of duly completed application along with such necessary documents, failing which it shall be deemed that the authorisation is granted under these rules.
- (4) In case of any change in the bio-medical waste generation, handling, treatment and disposal for which authorisation was earlier granted, the occupier or operator shall intimate to the prescribed authority about the change or variation in the activity and shall submit a fresh application in Form II for modification of the conditions of authorisation.

11. Advisory Committee.-(1) Every State Government or Union territory Administration shall constitute an Advisory Committee for the respective State or Union territory under the chairmanship of the respective health secretary to oversee the implementation of the rules in the respective state and to advice any improvements and the Advisory Committee shall include representatives from the Departments of Health, Environment, Urban Development, Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Sciences of that State Government or Union territory Administration, State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee, urban local bodies or local bodies or Municipal Corporation, representatives from Indian Medical Association, common bio-medical waste treatment facility and non-governmental organisation.

- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1), the Ministry of Defence shall constitute the Advisory Committee (Defence) under the chairmanship of Director General of Health Services of Armed Forces consisting of representatives from the Ministry of Defence, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Central Pollution Control Board, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Armed Forces Medical College or Command Hospital.

- (3) The Advisory Committee constituted under sub-rule (1) and (2) shall meet at least once in six months and review all matters related to implementation of the provisions of these rules in the State and Armed Forces Health Care Facilities, as the case may be.
- (4) The Ministry of Health and Defence may co-opt representatives from the other Governmental and non-governmental organisations having expertise in the field of bio-medical waste management.

12. **Monitoring of implementation of the rules in health care facilities.-** (1) The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change shall review the implementation of the rules in the country once in a year through the State Health Secretaries and Chairmen or Member Secretary of State Pollution Control Boards and Central Pollution Control Board and the Ministry may also invite experts in the field of bio-medical waste management, if required.

- (2) The Central Pollution Control Board shall monitor the implementation of these rules in respect of all the Armed Forces health care establishments under the Ministry of Defence.
- (3) The Central Pollution Control Board along with one or more representatives of the Advisory Committee constituted under sub-rule (2) of rule 11, may inspect any Armed Forces health care establishments after prior intimation to the Director General Armed Forces Medical Services.
- (4) Every State Government or Union territory Administration shall constitute District Level Monitoring Committee in the districts under the chairmanship of District Collector or District Magistrate or Deputy Commissioner or Additional District Magistrate to monitor the compliance of the provisions of these rules in the health care facilities generating bio-medical waste and in the common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facilities, where the bio-medical waste is treated and disposed of.
- (5) The District Level Monitoring Committee constituted under sub-rule (4) shall submit its report once in six months to the State Advisory Committee and a copy thereof shall also be forwarded to State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee concerned for taking further necessary action.
- (6) The District Level Monitoring Committee shall comprise of District Medical Officer or District Health Officer, representatives from State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee, Public Health Engineering Department, local bodies or municipal corporation, Indian Medical Association, common bio-medical waste treatment facility and registered non-governmental organisations working in the field of bio-medical waste management and the Committee may co-opt other members and experts, if necessary and the District Medical Officer shall be the Member Secretary of this Committee.

13. **Annual report.-**(1) Every occupier or operator of common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall submit an annual report to the prescribed authority in Form-IV, on or before the 30th June of every year.

- (2) The prescribed authority shall compile, review and analyse the information received and send this information to the Central Pollution Control Board on or before the 31st July of every year.

- (3) The Central Pollution Control Board shall compile, review and analyse the information received and send this information, along with its comments or suggestions or observations to the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change on or before 31st August every year.
- (4) The Annual Reports shall also be available online on the websites of Occupiers, State Pollution Control Boards and Central Pollution Control Board.
- 14. Maintenance of records.-** (1) Every authorised person shall maintain records related to the generation, collection, reception, storage, transportation, treatment, disposal or any other form of handling of bio-medical waste, for a period of five years, in accordance with these rules and guidelines issued by the Central Government or the Central Pollution Control Board or the prescribed authority as the case may be.
- (2) All records shall be subject to inspection and verification by the prescribed authority or the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at any time.
- 15. Accident reporting.-** (1) In case of any major accident at any institution or facility or any other site while handling bio-medical waste, the authorised person shall intimate immediately to the prescribed authority about such accident and forward a report within twenty-four hours in writing regarding the remedial steps taken in Form I.
- (2) Information regarding all other accidents and remedial steps taken shall be provided in the annual report in accordance with rule 13 by the occupier.
- 16. Appeal.-**(1) Any person aggrieved by an order made by the prescribed authority under these rules may, within a period of thirty days from the date on which the order is communicated to him, prefer an appeal in Form V to the Secretary (Environment) of the State Government or Union territory administration .
- (2) Any person aggrieved by an order of the Director General Armed Forces Medical Services under these rules may, within thirty days from the date on which the order is communicated to him, prefer an appeal in Form V to the Secretary, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change.
- (3) The authority referred to in sub-para (1) and (2) as the case may be, may entertain the appeal after the expiry of the said period of thirty days, if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.
- (4) The appeal shall be disposed of within a period of ninety days from the date of its filing.
- 17. Site for common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility.-**(1) Without prejudice to rule 5 of these rules, the department in the business allocation of land assignment shall be responsible for providing suitable site for setting up of common biomedical waste treatment and disposal facility in the State Government or Union territory Administration.

- (2) The selection of site for setting up of such facility shall be made in consultation with the prescribed authority, other stakeholders and in accordance with guidelines published by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change or Central Pollution Control Board.

18. **Liability of the occupier, operator of a facility.**- (1) The occupier or an operator of a common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall be liable for all the damages caused to the environment or the public due to improper handling of bio- medical wastes.

- (2) The occupier or operator of common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall be liable for action under section 5 and section 15 of the Act, in case of any violation.

SCHEDULE I

[See rules 3 (e), 4(b), 7(1), 7(2), 7(5), 7 (6) and 8(2)]

Part-1

Biomedical wastes categories and their segregation, collection, treatment, processing and disposal options

Category	Type of Waste	Type of Bag or Container to be used	Treatment and Disposal options
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Yellow	(a) Human Anatomical Waste: Human tissues, organs, body parts and fetus below the viability period (as per the Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act 1971, amended from time to time).	Yellow coloured non-chlorinated plastic bags	Incineration or Plasma Pyrolysis or deep burial*
	(b) Animal Anatomical Waste : Experimental animal carcasses, body parts, organs, tissues, including the waste generated from animals used in experiments or testing in veterinary hospitals or colleges or animal houses.		
	(c) Soiled Waste: Items contaminated with blood, body fluids like dressings, plaster casts, cotton swabs and		

	bags containing residual or discarded blood and blood components.		hydroclaving followed by shredding or mutilation or combination of sterilization and shredding. Treated waste to be sent for energy recovery.
	(d) Expired or Discarded Medicines: Pharmaceutical waste like antibiotics, cytotoxic drugs including all items contaminated with cytotoxic drugs along with glass or plastic ampoules, vials etc.	Yellow coloured non-chlorinated plastic bags or containers	Expired cytotoxic drugs and items contaminated with cytotoxic drugs to be returned back to the manufacturer or supplier for incineration at temperature >1200 °C or to common bio-medical waste treatment facility or hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility for incineration at >1200°C Or Encapsulation or Plasma Pyrolysis at >1200°C. All other discarded medicines shall be either sent back to manufacturer or disposed by incineration.
	(e) Chemical Waste: Chemicals used in production of biological and used or discarded disinfectants.	Yellow coloured containers or non-chlorinated plastic bags	Disposed of by incineration or Plasma Pyrolysis or Encapsulation in hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility.
	(f) Chemical Liquid Waste : Liquid waste generated due to use of chemicals in production of biological and used or discarded disinfectants, Silver X-ray film developing liquid, discarded Formalin, infected secretions, aspirated body fluids, liquid from laboratories and floor washings, cleaning, house-keeping and disinfecting activities etc.	Separate collection system leading to effluent treatment system	After resource recovery, the chemical liquid waste shall be pre-treated before mixing with other wastewater. The combined discharge shall conform to the discharge norms given in Schedule-III.
	(g) Discarded linen, mattresses, beddings contaminated with blood or body fluid.	Non-chlorinated yellow plastic bags or suitable packing material	Non- chlorinated chemical disinfection followed by incineration or Plazma Pyrolysis or for energy recovery. In absence of above facilities, shredding or mutilation or combination of sterilization and shredding. Treated waste to be sent for energy recovery or incineration or Plazma Pyrolysis.

	<p>(h) Microbiology, Biotechnology and other clinical laboratory waste: Blood bags, Laboratory cultures, stocks or specimens of micro-organisms, live or attenuated vaccines, human and animal cell cultures used in research, industrial laboratories, production of biological, residual toxins, dishes and devices used for cultures.</p>	Autoclave safe plastic bags or containers	Pre-treat to sterilize with non-chlorinated chemicals on-site as per National AIDS Control Organisation or World Health Organisation guidelines thereafter for Incineration.
Red	<p>Contaminated Waste (Recyclable) (a) Wastes generated from disposable items such as tubing, bottles, intravenous tubes and sets, catheters, urine bags, syringes (without needles and <i>fixed needle syringes</i>) and vaccutainers with their needles cut) and gloves.</p>	Red coloured non-chlorinated plastic bags or containers	<p>Autoclaving or micro-waving/hydroclaving followed by shredding or mutilation or combination of sterilization and shredding. Treated waste to be sent to registered or authorized recyclers or for energy recovery or plastics to diesel or fuel oil or for road making, whichever is possible.</p> <p>Plastic waste should not be sent to landfill sites.</p>
White (Translucent)	<p>Waste sharps including Metals: Needles, syringes with fixed needles, needles from needle tip cutter or burner, scalpels, blades, or any other contaminated sharp object that may cause puncture and cuts. This includes both used, discarded and contaminated metal sharps</p>	Puncture proof, Leak proof, tamper proof containers	Autoclaving or Dry Heat Sterilization followed by shredding or mutilation or encapsulation in metal container or cement concrete; combination of shredding cum autoclaving; and sent for final disposal to iron foundries (having consent to operate from the State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees) or sanitary landfill or designated concrete waste sharp pit.
Blue	<p>(a) Glassware: Broken or discarded and contaminated glass including medicine vials and ampoules except those contaminated with cytotoxic wastes.</p>	Cardboard boxes with blue colored marking	Disinfection (by soaking the washed glass waste after cleaning with detergent and Sodium Hypochlorite treatment) or through autoclaving or microwaving or hydroclaving and then sent for recycling.

	(b) Metallic Body Implants	Cardboard boxes with blue colored marking	
--	-----------------------------------	---	--

***Disposal by deep burial is permitted only in rural or remote areas where there is no access to common bio-medical waste treatment facility. This will be carried out with prior approval from the prescribed authority and as per the Standards specified in Schedule-III. The deep burial facility shall be located as per the provisions and guidelines issued by Central Pollution Control Board from time to time.**

Part -2

- (1) All plastic bags shall be as per BIS standards as and when published, till then the prevailing Plastic Waste Management Rules shall be applicable.
- (2) Chemical treatment using at least 10% Sodium Hypochlorite having 30% residual chlorine for twenty minutes or any other equivalent chemical reagent that should demonstrate $\text{Log}_{10}4$ reduction efficiency for microorganisms as given in Schedule- III.
- (3) Mutilation or shredding must be to an extent to prevent unauthorized reuse.
- (4) There will be no chemical pretreatment before incineration, except for microbiological, lab and highly infectious waste.
- (5) Incineration ash (ash from incineration of any bio-medical waste) shall be disposed through hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility, if toxic or hazardous constituents are present beyond the prescribed limits as given in the Hazardous Waste (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008 or as revised from time to time.
- (6) Dead Fetus below the viability period (as per the Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act 1971, amended from time to time) can be considered as human anatomical waste. Such waste should be handed over to the operator of common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility in yellow bag with a copy of the official Medical Termination of Pregnancy certificate from the Obstetrician or the Medical Superintendent of hospital or healthcare establishment.
- (7) Cytotoxic drug vials shall not be handed over to unauthorised person under any circumstances. These shall be sent back to the manufactures for necessary disposal at a single point. As a second option, these may be sent for incineration at common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility or TSDFs or plasma pyrolysis at temperature $>1200^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- (8) Residual or discarded chemical wastes, used or discarded disinfectants and chemical sludge can be disposed at hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility. In such case, the waste should be sent to hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility through operator of common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility only.

- (9) On-site pre-treatment of laboratory waste, microbiological waste, blood samples, blood bags should be disinfected or sterilized as per the Guidelines of World Health Organisation or National AIDS Control Organisation and then given to the common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility.
- (10) Installation of in-house incinerator is not allowed. However in case there is no common biomedical facility nearby, the same may be installed by the occupier after taking authorisation from the State Pollution Control Board.
- (11) Syringes should be either mutilated or needles should be cut and or stored in tamper proof, leak proof and puncture proof containers for sharps storage. Wherever the occupier is not linked to a disposal facility it shall be the responsibility of the occupier to sterilize and dispose in the manner prescribed.
- (12) Bio-medical waste generated in households during healthcare activities shall be segregated as per these rules and handed over in separate bags or containers to municipal waste collectors. Urban Local Bodies shall have tie up with the common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility to pickup this waste from the Material Recovery Facility (MRF) or from the house hold directly, for final disposal in the manner as prescribed in this Schedule.

SCHEDULE II

[See rule 4(t), 7(1) and 7(6)]

STANDARDS FOR TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL OF BIO-MEDICALWASTES

1. STANDARDS FOR INCINERATION.-

All incinerators shall meet the following operating and emission standards-

A. Operating Standards

- 1). Combustion efficiency (CE) shall be at least 99.00%.
- 2). The Combustion efficiency is computed as follows:

$$C.E. = \frac{\%CO_2}{\%CO_2 + \%CO} \times 100$$
- 3). The temperature of the primary chamber shall be a minimum of 800 °C and the secondary chamber shall be minimum of 1050°C + or - 50°C.
- 4). The secondary chamber gas residence time shall be at least two seconds.

B. Emission Standards

Sl. No.	Parameter	Standards	
		(3)	(4)
		Limiting concentration in mg Nm³ unless stated	Sampling Duration in minutes, unless stated
1.	Particulate matter	50	30 or 1Nm ³ of sample volume, whichever is more
2.	Nitrogen Oxides NO and NO ₂ expressed asNO ₂	400	30 for online sampling or grab sample
3.	HCl	50	30 or 1Nm ³ of sample volume, whichever is more
4.	Total Dioxins and Furans	0.1ngTEQ/Nm ³ (at 11% O ₂)	8 hours or 5Nm ³ of sample volume, whichever is more
5.	Hg and its compounds	0.05	2 hours or 1Nm ³ of sample volume, whichever is more

C. Stack Height: Minimum stack height shall be 30 meters above the ground and shall be attached with the necessary monitoring facilities as per requirement of monitoring of 'general parameters' as notified under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and in accordance with the Central Pollution Control Board Guidelines of Emission Regulation Part-III.

Note:

- (a) The existing incinerators shall comply with the above within a period of two years from the date of the notification.
- (b) The existing incinerators shall comply with the standards for Dioxins and Furans of 0.1ngTEQ/Nm³, as given below within two years from the date of commencement of these rules.
- (c) All upcoming common bio-medical waste treatment facilities having incineration facility or captive incinerator shall comply with standards for Dioxins and Furans.
- (d) The existing secondary combustion chambers of the incinerator and the pollution control devices shall be suitably retrofitted, if necessary, to achieve the emission limits.
- (e) Wastes to be incinerated shall not be chemically treated with any chlorinated disinfectants.
- (f) Ash from incineration of biomedical waste shall be disposed of at common hazardous waste treatment and disposal facility. However, it may be disposed of in municipal landfill, if the toxic metals in incineration ash are within the regulatory quantities as defined under the Hazardous Waste (Management and Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008 as amended from time to time.
- (g) Only low Sulphur fuel like Light Diesel Oil or Low Sulphur Heavy Stock or Diesel, Compressed Natural Gas, Liquefied Natural Gas or Liquefied Petroleum Gas shall be used as fuel in the incinerator.

- (h) The occupier or operator of a common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall monitor the stack gaseous emissions (under optimum capacity of the incinerator) once in three months through a laboratory approved under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and record of such analysis results shall be maintained and submitted to the prescribed authority. In case of dioxins and furans, monitoring should be done once in a year.
- (i) The occupier or operator of the common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall install continuous emission monitoring system for the parameters as stipulated by State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committees in authorisation and transmit the data real time to the servers at State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committees and Central Pollution Control Board.
- (j) All monitored values shall be corrected to 11% Oxygen on dry basis.
- (k) Incinerators (combustion chambers) shall be operated with such temperature, retention time and turbulence, as to achieve Total Organic Carbon content in the slag and bottom ashes less than 3% or their loss on ignition shall be less than 5% of the dry weight.
- (l) The occupier or operator of a common bio-medical waste incinerator shall use combustion gas analyzer to measure CO₂, CO and O₂.

2. Operating and Emission Standards for Disposal by Plasma Pyrolysis or Gasification:

A. Operating Standards:

All the operators of the Plasma Pyrolysis or Gasification shall meet the following operating and emission standards:

- 1) Combustion Efficiency (CE) shall be at least 99.99%.
- 2) The Combustion Efficiency is computed as follows.

$$\frac{\% \text{ CO}_2}{(\% \text{ CO}_2 + \% \text{ CO})} \times 100 \quad \text{C.E} =$$
- 3) The temperature of the combustion chamber after plasma gasification shall be 1050 ± 50 °C with gas residence time of at least 2(two) second, with minimum 3 % Oxygen in the stack gas.
- 4) The Stack height should be minimum of 30 m above ground level and shall be attached with the necessary monitoring facilities as per requirement of monitoring of ‘general parameters’ as notified under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and in accordance with the CPCB Guidelines of Emission Regulation Part-III.

B. Air Emission Standards and Air Pollution Control Measures

- (i) Emission standards for incinerator, notified at SI No.1 above in this Schedule, and revised from time to time, shall be applicable for the Plasma Pyrolysis or Gasification also.

- (ii) Suitably designed air pollution control devices shall be installed or retrofitted with the 'Plasma Pyrolysis or Gasification to achieve the above emission limits, if necessary.
- (iii) Wastes to be treated using Plasma Pyrolysis or Gasification shall not be chemically treated with any chlorinated disinfectants and chlorinated plastics shall not be treated in the system.

C. Disposal of Ash Vitrified Material: The ash or vitrified material generated from the 'Plasma Pyrolysis or Gasification shall be disposed off in accordance with the Hazardous Waste (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules 2008 and revisions made thereafter in case the constituents exceed the limits prescribed under Schedule II of the said Rules or else in accordance with the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, whichever is applicable.

3. STANDARDS FOR AUTOCLAVING OF BIO-MEDICAL WASTE.-

The autoclave should be dedicated for the purposes of disinfecting and treating bio-medical waste.

- (1) When operating a gravity flow autoclave, medical waste shall be subjected to:
 - (i) a temperature of not less than 121° C and pressure of 15 pounds per square inch (psi) for an autoclave residence time of not less than 60 minutes; or
 - (ii) a temperature of not less than 135° C and a pressure of 31 psi for an autoclave residence time of not less than 45 minutes; or
 - (iii) a temperature of not less than 149° C and a pressure of 52 psi for an autoclave residence time of not less than 30 minutes.
- (2) When operating a vacuum autoclave, medical waste shall be subjected to a minimum of three pre-vacuum pulse to purge the autoclave of all air. The air removed during the pre-vacuum, cycle should be decontaminated by means of HEPA and activated carbon filtration, steam treatment, or any other method to prevent release of pathogen. The waste shall be subjected to the following:
 - (i) a temperature of not less than 121°C and pressure of 15 psi per an autoclave residence time of not less than 45 minutes; or
 - (ii) a temperature of not less than 135°C and a pressure of 31 psi for an autoclave residence time of not less than 30 minutes;
- (3) Medical waste shall not be considered as properly treated unless the time, temperature and pressure indicators indicate that the required time, temperature and pressure were reached during the autoclave process. If for any reasons, time temperature or pressure indicator indicates that the required temperature, pressure or residence time was not reached, the entire load of medical waste must be autoclaved again until the proper temperature, pressure and residence time were achieved.

(4) **Recording of operational parameters:** Each autoclave shall have graphic or computer recording devices which will automatically and continuously monitor and record dates, time of day, load identification number and operating parameters throughout the entire length of the autoclave cycle.

(5) **Validation test for autoclave:** The validation test shall use four biological indicator strips, one shall be used as a control and left at room temperature, and three shall be placed in the approximate center of three containers with the waste. Personal protective equipment (gloves, face mask and coveralls) shall be used when opening containers for the purpose of placing the biological indicators. At least one of the containers with a biological indicator should be placed in the most difficult location for steam to penetrate, generally the bottom center of the waste pile. The occupier or operator shall conduct this test three consecutive times to define the minimum operating conditions. The temperature, pressure and residence time at which all biological indicator vials or strips for three consecutive tests show complete inactivation of the spores shall define the minimum operating conditions for the autoclave. After determining the minimum temperature, pressure and residence time, the occupier or operator of a common biomedical waste treatment facility shall conduct this test once in three months and records in this regard shall be maintained.

(6) **Routine Test:** A chemical indicator strip or tape that changes colour when a certain temperature is reached can be used to verify that a specific temperature has been achieved. It may be necessary to use more than one strip over the waste package at different locations to ensure that the inner content of the package has been adequately autoclaved. The occupier or operator of a common bio medical waste treatment facility shall conduct this test during autoclaving of each batch and records in this regard shall be maintained.

(7) **Spore testing:** The autoclave should completely and consistently kill the approved biological indicator at the maximum design capacity of each autoclave unit. Biological indicator for autoclave shall be *Geobacillusstearothermophilus* spores using vials or spore Strips; with at least 1×10^6 spores. Under no circumstances will an autoclave have minimum operating parameters less than a residence time of 30 minutes, a temperature less than 121°C or a pressure less than 15 psi. The occupier or operator of a common bio medical waste treatment and disposal facility shall conduct this test at least once in every week and records in this regard shall be maintained.

4. STANDARDS OF MICROWAVING.-

(1) Microwave treatment shall not be used for cytotoxic, hazardous or radioactive wastes, contaminated animal carcasses, body parts and large metal items.

(2) The microwave system shall comply with the efficacy test or routine tests and a performance guarantee may be provided by the supplier before operation of the limit.

(3) The microwave should completely and consistently kill the bacteria and other pathogenic organisms that are ensured by approved biological indicator at the maximum design capacity of each microwave unit. Biological indicators for microwave shall be *Bacillus atrophaeus* spores using vials or spore strips with at least 1×10^4 spores per detachable strip. The biological indicator shall be placed with waste and exposed to same conditions as the waste during a normal treatment cycle.

5. **STANDARDS FOR DEEP BURIAL.**- (1) A pit or trench should be dug about two meters deep. It should be half filled with waste, then covered with lime within 50 cm of the surface, before filling the rest of the pit with soil.

(2) It must be ensured that animals do not have any access to burial sites. Covers of galvanised iron or wire meshes may be used.

(3) On each occasion, when wastes are added to the pit, a layer of 10 cm of soil shall be added to cover the wastes.

(4) Burial must be performed under close and dedicated supervision.

(5) The deep burial site should be relatively impermeable and no shallow well should be close to the site.

(6) The pits should be distant from habitation, and located so as to ensure that no contamination occurs to surface water or ground water. The area should not be prone to flooding or erosion.

(7) The location of the deep burial site shall be authorised by the prescribed authority.

(8) The institution shall maintain a record of all pits used for deep burial.

(9) The ground water table level should be a minimum of six meters below the lower level of deep burial pit.

6. **STANDARDS FOR EFFICACY OF CHEMICAL DISINFECTION**

Microbial inactivation efficacy is equated to “Log₁₀ kill” which is defined as the difference between the logarithms of number of test microorganisms before and after chemical treatment. Chemical disinfection methods shall demonstrate a 4 Log₁₀ reduction or greater for *Bacillus Subtilis* (ATCC 19659) in chemical treatment systems.

7. **STANDARDS FOR DRY HEAT STERILIZATION**

Waste sharps can be treated by dry heat sterilization at a temperature not less than 185⁰C, at least for a residence period of 150 minutes in each cycle, which sterilization period of 90 minutes. There should be automatic recording system to monitor operating parameters.

(i) **Validation test for Sharps sterilization unit**

Waste sharps sterilization unit should completely and consistently kill the biological indicator *Geobacillus Stearothermophilus* or *Bacillus Atropheauspoers* using vials with at least log₁₀ 6 spores per ml. The test shall be carried out once in three months

(ii) **Routine test**

A chemical indicator strip or tape that changes colour when a certain temperature is reached can be used to verify that a specific temperature has been achieved. It may be necessary to use more than one strip over the waste to ensure that the inner content of the sharps has been adequately disinfected. This test shall be performed once in week and records in this regard shall be maintained.

8. STANDARDS FOR LIQUID WASTE.-

(1) The effluent generated or treated from the premises of occupier or operator of a common bio medical waste treatment and disposal facility, before discharge into the sewer should conform to the following limits-

PARAMETERS	PERMISSIBLE LIMITS
pH	6.5-9.0
Suspended solids	100 mg/l
Oil and grease	10 mg/l
BOD	30 mg/l
COD	250 mg/l
Bio-assay test	90% survival of fish after 96 hours in 100% effluent.

(2) Sludge from Effluent Treatment Plant shall be given to common bio-medical waste treatment facility for incineration or to hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility for disposal.

Schedule III

[See rule 6 and 9(3)]

List of Prescribed Authorities and the Corresponding Duties

Sl. No (1)	Authority (2)	Corresponding Duties (3)
1	Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India	<p>(i) Making Policies concerning bio-medical waste Management in the Country including notification of Rules and amendments to the Rules as and when required.</p> <p>(ii) Providing financial assistance for training and awareness programmes on bio-medical waste management related activities to for the State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees.</p> <p>(iii) Facilitating financial assistance for setting up or up-gradation of common bio-medical waste treatment facilities.</p> <p>(iv) Undertake or support operational research and assessment with reference to risks to environment and health due to bio-medical waste and</p>

		<p>previously unknown disposables and wastes from new types of equipment.</p> <p>(v) Constitution of Monitoring Committee for implementation of the rules.</p> <p>(vi) Hearing Appeals and give decision made in Form-V against order passed by the prescribed authorities.</p> <p>(vii) Develop Standard manual for Trainers and Training.</p> <p>(viii) Notify the standards or operating parameters for new technologies for treatment of bio medical waste other than those listed in Schedule- I.</p>
2	Central or State Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Central Ministry for Animal Husbandry and Veterinary or State Department of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary.	<p>(i) Grant of license to health care facilities or nursing homes or veterinary establishments with a condition to obtain authorisation from the prescribed authority for bio-medical waste management.</p> <p>(ii) Monitoring, Refusal or Cancellation of license for health care facilities or nursing homes or veterinary establishments for violations of conditions of authorisation or provisions under these Rules.</p> <p>(iii) Publication of list of registered health care facilities with regard to bio-medical waste generation, treatment and disposal.</p> <p>(iv) Undertake or support operational research and assessment with reference to risks to environment and health due to bio-medical waste and previously unknown disposables and wastes from new types of equipment.</p> <p>(v) Coordinate with State Pollution Control Boards for organizing training programmes to staff of health care facilities and municipal workers on bio-medical waste.</p> <p>(vi) Constitution of Expert Committees at National or State level for overall review and promotion of clean or new technologies for bio-medical waste management.</p>

		<p>(vii) Organizing or Sponsoring of trainings for the regulatory authorities and health care facilities on bio-medical waste management related activities.</p> <p>(viii) Sponsoring of mass awareness campaigns in electronic media and print media.</p>
3	Ministry of Defence	<p>(i) Grant and renewal of authorisation to Armed Forces health care facilities or common bio-medical waste treatment facilities (Rule 9).</p> <p>(ii) Conduct training courses for authorities dealing with management of bio-medical wastes in Armed Forces health care facilities or treatment facilities in association with State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees or Central Pollution Control Board or Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change.</p> <p>(iii) Publication of inventory of occupiers and bio-medical waste generation from Armed Forces health care facilities or occupiers</p> <p>(iv) Constitution of Advisory Committee for implementation of the rules.</p> <p>(v) Review of management of bio-medical waste generation in the Armed Forces health care facilities through its Advisory Committee (Rule 11).</p> <p>(vi) Submission of annual report to Central Pollution Control Board within the stipulated time period (Rule 13).</p>
4.	Central Pollution Control Board	<p>(i) Prepare Guidelines on bio-medical waste Management and submit to the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change.</p> <p>(ii) Co-ordination of activities of State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees on bio-medical waste.</p> <p>(iii) Conduct training courses for authorities dealing with management of bio-medical waste.</p> <p>(iv) Lay down standards for new technologies for</p>

		<p>treatment and disposal of bio-medical waste (Rule 7) and prescribe specifications for treatment and disposal of bio-medical wastes (Rule 7).</p> <p>(v) Lay down Criteria for establishing common bio-medical waste treatment facilities in the Country.</p> <p>(vi) Random inspection or monitoring of health care facilities and common bio-medical waste treatment facilities.</p> <p>(vii) Review and analysis of data submitted by the State Pollution Control Boards on bio-medical waste and submission of compiled information in the form of annual report along with its observations to Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change .</p> <p>(viii) Inspection and monitoring of health care facilities operated by the Director General, Armed Forces Medical Services (Rule 9).</p> <p>(ix) Undertake or support research or operational research regarding bio-medical waste.</p>
5.	State Government of Health or Union Territory Government or Administration	<p>(i) To ensure implementation of the rule in all health care facilities or occupiers.</p> <p>(ii) Allocation of adequate funds to Government health care facilities for bio-medical waste management.</p> <p>(iii) Procurement and allocation of treatment equipments and make provision for consumables for bio-medical waste management in Government health care facilities.</p> <p>(iv) Constitute State or District Level Advisory Committees under the District Magistrate or Additional District Magistrate to oversee the bio-medical waste management in the Districts.</p> <p>(v) Advise State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees on implementation of these Rules.</p> <p>(vi) Implementation of recommendations of the Advisory Committee in all the health care facilities.</p>

6.	State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Inventorisation of Occupiers and data on bio-medical waste generation, treatment & disposal. (ii) Compilation of data and submission of the same in annual report to Central Pollution Control Board within the stipulated time period. (iii) Grant and renewal, suspension or refusal cancellation or of authorisation under these rules (Rule 7, 8 and 10). (iv) Monitoring of compliance of various provisions and conditions of authorisation. (v) Action against health care facilities or common bio-medical waste treatment facilities for violation of these rules (Rule 18). (vi) Organizing training programmes to staff of health care facilities and common bio-medical waste treatment facilities and State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees Staff on segregation, collection, storage, transportation, treatment and disposal of bio-medical wastes. (vii) Undertake or support research or operational research regarding bio-medical waste management. (viii) Any other function under these rules assigned by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change or Central Pollution Control Board from time to time. (ix) Implementation of recommendations of the Advisory Committee. (x) Publish the list of Registered or Authorised (or give consent) Recyclers. (xi) Undertake and support third party audits of the common bio-medical waste treatment facilities in their State.
7	Municipalities or Corporations, Urban Local Bodies and Gram Panchayats	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Provide or allocate suitable land for development of common bio-medical waste treatment facilities in their respective jurisdictions as per the guidelines of

		<p>Central Pollution Control Board.</p> <p>(ii) Collect other solid waste (other than the bio-medical waste) from the health care facilities as per the Municipal Solid Waste (Management and handling) Rules, 2000 or as amended time to time.</p> <p>(iii) Any other function stipulated under these Rules.</p>
--	--	--

173

SCHEDULE IV
[See rule 8(3) and (5)]
Part A

LABEL FOR BIO-MEDICAL WASTE CONTAINERS or BAGS



HANDLE WITH CARE

CYTOTOXIC HAZARD SYMBOL



HANDLE WITH CARE

Part B

LABEL FOR TRANSPORTING BIO-MEDICAL WASTE BAGS OR CONTAINERS

DayMonth

Year

Date of generation

Waste category Number

Waste quantity.....

Sender's Name and Address

Phone Number

Fax Number.....

Contact Person

In case of emergency please contact :

Name and Address :

Phone No.

Note :Label shall be non-washable and prominently visible.

Receiver's Name and Address:

Phone Number

Fax Number

Contact Person

FORM – I
[(See rule 4(o), 5(i) and 15 (2))

ACCIDENT REPORTING

1. Date and time of accident :
2. Type of Accident :

3. Sequence of events leading to accident :
4. Has the Authority been informed immediately :
5. The type of waste involved in accident :
6. Assessment of the effects of the accidents on human health and the environment:
7. Emergency measures taken :
8. Steps taken to alleviate the effects of accidents :
9. Steps taken to prevent the recurrence of such an accident :
10. Does you facility has an Emergency Control policy? If yes give details:

Date :

Signature

Place:

Designation

FORM - II

(See rule10)

APPLICATION FOR AUTHORISATION OR RENEWAL OF AUTHORISATION

(To be submitted by occupier of health care facility or common bio-medical waste treatment facility)

To

The Prescribed Authority
(Name of the State or UT Administration)
Address.

1. Particulars of Applicant:

(i) Name of the Applicant:

(In block letters & in full)

(ii) Name of the health care facility (HCF) or common bio-medical waste treatment facility (CBWTF) :

(iii) Address for correspondence:

(iv) Tele No., Fax No.:

(v) Email:

(vi) Website Address:

2. Activity for which authorisation is sought:

Activity	Please tick
Generation, segregation	
Collection,	
Storage	
packaging	
Reception	
Transportation	
Treatment or processing or conversion	
Recycling	
Disposal or destruction	
use	
offering for sale, transfer	
Any other form of handling	

3. Application for fresh or renewal of authorisation (please tick whatever is applicable):

(i) Applied for CTO/CTE Yes/No

(ii) In case of renewal previous authorisation number and date:

(iii) Status of Consents:

(a) under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974

(b) under the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981:

4. (i) Address of the health care facility (HCF) or common bio-medical waste treatment facility (CBWTF):

(ii) GPS coordinates of health care facility (HCF) or common bio-medical waste treatment facility (CBWTF):

5. Details of health care facility (HCF) or common bio-medical waste treatment facility (CBWTF):

(i) Number of beds of HCF:

(ii) Number of patients treated per month by HCF:

(iii) Number healthcare facilities covered by CBMWTF: _____

(iv) No of beds covered by CBMWTF: _____

(v) Installed treatment and disposal capacity of CBMWTF: _____ Kg per day

(vi) Quantity of biomedical waste treated or disposed by CBMWTF: _____ Kg/ day

(vii) Area or distance covered by CBMWTF: _____

(pl. attach map a map with GPS locations of CBMWTF and area of coverage)

(viii) Quantity of Biomedical waste handled, treated or disposed:

Category	Type of Waste	Quantity Generated or Collected, kg/day	Method of Treatment and Disposal (Refer Schedule-I)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Yellow	(a) Human Anatomical Waste:		
	(b) Animal Anatomical Waste :		
	(c) Soiled Waste:		
	(d) Expired or Discarded Medicines:		
	(e) Chemical Solid Waste:		
	(f) Chemical Liquid Waste :		
	(g) Discarded linen, mattresses, beddings contaminated with blood or body fluid.		
	(h) Microbiology, Biotechnology and other clinical laboratory waste:		
Red	Contaminated Waste (Recyclable)		
White (Translucent)	Waste sharps including Metals:		
Blue	Glassware:		
	Metallic Body Implants		

6. Brief description of arrangements for handling of biomedical waste (attach details):

(i) Mode of transportation (if any) of bio-medical waste:

(ii) Details of treatment equipment (please give details such as the number, type & capacity of each unit)

	No of units	Capacity of each unit
--	-------------	-----------------------

Incinerators :

Plasma Pyrolysis:

Autoclaves:

Microwave:

Hydroclave:

Shredder:

Needle tip cutter or
destroyer

Sharps encapsulation or
concrete pit:

Deep burial pits:

Chemical disinfection:

Any other treatment
equipment:

- 7. Contingency plan of common bio-medical waste treatment facility (CBWTF)(attach documents):
- 8. Details of directions or notices or legal actions if any during the period of earlier authorisation

9. Declaration

I do hereby declare that the statements made and information given above are true to the best of my knowledge and belief and that I have not concealed any information.

I do also hereby undertake to provide any further information sought by the prescribed authority in relation to these rules and to fulfill any conditions stipulated by the prescribed authority.

Date :

Signature of the Applicant

Place :

Designation of the Applicant

FORM –III
(See rule 10)

AUTHORISATION

(Authorisation for operating a facility for generation, collection, reception, treatment, storage, transport and disposal of biomedical wastes)

- 1. File number of authorisation and date of issue.....
- 2. M/s _____ an occupier or operator of the facility located at _____ is hereby granted an authorisation for;

Activity	Please tick
Generation, segregation	
Collection,	
Storage	
packaging	
Reception	
Transportation	
Treatment or processing or conversion	
Recycling	
Disposal or destruction	
use	
offering for sale, transfer	
Any other form of handling	

- 3. M/s _____ is hereby authorized for handling of biomedical waste as per the capacity given below;
 - (i) Number of beds of HCF:
 - (ii) Number healthcare facilities covered by CBMWTF: _____

(iii) Installed treatment and disposal capacity: _____ Kg per day

(iv) Area or distance covered by CBMWTF: _____

(v) Quantity of Biomedical waste handled, treated or disposed:

Type of Waste Category	Quantity permitted for Handling
Yellow	
Red	
White (Translucent)	
Blue	

3. This authorisation shall be in force for a period of Years from the date of issue.

4. This authorisation is subject to the conditions stated below and to such other conditions as may be specified in the rules for the time being in force under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

Date

Signature.....

Place:

Designation

Terms and conditions of authorisation *

1. The authorisation shall comply with the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and the rules made there under.
2. The authorisation or its renewal shall be produced for inspection at the request of an officer authorised by the prescribed authority.
3. The person authorized shall not rent, lend, sell, transfer or otherwise transport the biomedical wastes without obtaining prior permission of the prescribed authority.
4. Any unauthorised change in personnel, equipment or working conditions as mentioned in the application by the person authorised shall constitute a breach of his authorisation.
5. It is the duty of the authorised person to take prior permission of the prescribed authority to close down the facility and such other terms and conditions may be stipulated by the prescribed authority.

Form - IV
(See rule 13)
ANNUAL REPORT

[To be submitted to the prescribed authority on or before 30th June every year for the period from January to December of the preceding year, by the occupier of health care facility (HCF) or common bio-medical waste treatment facility (CBWTF)]

Sl. No.	Particulars		
1 .	Particulars of the Occupier	:	
	(i) Name of the authorised person (occupier or operator of facility)	:	

	(ii) Name of HCF or CBMWTF	:	
	(iii) Address for Correspondence	:	
	(iv) Address of Facility		
	(v) Tel. No, Fax. No	:	
	(vi) E-mail ID	:	
	(vii) URL of Website		
	(viii) GPS coordinates of HCF or CBMWTF		
	(ix) Ownership of HCF or CBMWTF	:	(State Government or Private or Semi Govt. or any other)
	(x). Status of Authorisation under the Bio-Medical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules	:	Authorisation No.:valid up to
	(xi). Status of Consents under Water Act and Air Act	:	Valid up to:
2.	Type of Health Care Facility	:	
	(i) Bedded Hospital	:	No. of Beds:.....
	(ii) Non-bedded hospital (Clinic or Blood Bank or Clinical Laboratory or Research Institute or Veterinary Hospital or any other)	:	
	(iii) License number and its date of expiry		
3.	Details of CBMWTF	:	
	(i) Number healthcare facilities covered by CBMWTF	:	
	(ii) No of beds covered by CBMWTF	:	
	(iii) Installed treatment and disposal capacity of CBMWTF:	:	_____ Kg per day
	(iv) Quantity of biomedical waste treated or disposed by CBMWTF	:	_____ Kg/day
4.	Quantity of waste generated or disposed in Kg per annum (on monthly average basis)	:	Yellow Category : Red Category : White: Blue Category : General Solid waste:
5	Details of the Storage, treatment, transportation, processing and Disposal Facility		
	(i) Details of the on-site storage facility	:	Size :
		:	Capacity :
		:	Provision of on-site storage : (cold storage or any other provision)

	disposal facilities		Type of treatment equipment	No of units	Capacity Kg/day	Quantity treated or disposed in kg per annum
			Incinerators Plasma Pyrolysis Autoclaves Microwave Hydroclave Shredder Needle tip cutter or destroyer Sharps encapsulation or concrete pit Deep burial pits: Chemical disinfection: Any other treatment equipment:			- - -
	(iii) Quantity of recyclable wastes sold to authorized recyclers after treatment in kg per annum.	:	Red Category (like plastic, glass etc.)			
	(iv) No of vehicles used for collection and transportation of biomedical waste	:				
	(v) Details of incineration ash and ETP sludge generated and disposed during the treatment of wastes in Kg per annum			Quantity generated	Where disposed	
	(vi) Name of the Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facility Operator through which wastes are disposed of	:	Incineration Ash ETP Sludge			
	(vii) List of member HCF not handed over bio-medical waste.					
6	Do you have bio-medical waste management committee? If yes, attach minutes of the meetings held during the reporting period					
7	Details trainings conducted on BMW					
	(i) Number of trainings conducted on BMW Management.					

	(ii) number of personnel trained		
	(iii) number of personnel trained at the time of induction		
	(iv) number of personnel not undergone any training so far		
	(v) whether standard manual for training is available?		
	(vi) any other information)		
8	Details of the accident occurred during the year		
	(i) Number of Accidents occurred		
	(ii) Number of the persons affected		
	(iii) Remedial Action taken (Please attach details if any)		
	(iv) Any Fatality occurred, details.		
9.	Are you meeting the standards of air Pollution from the incinerator? How many times in last year could not met the standards?		
	Details of Continuous online emission monitoring systems installed		
10	Liquid waste generated and treatment methods in place. How many times you have not met the standards in a year?		
11	Is the disinfection method or sterilization meeting the log 4 standards? How many times you have not met the standards in a year?		
12	Any other relevant information	:	(Air Pollution Control Devices attached with the Incinerator)

Certified that the above report is for the period from

.....

Name and Signature of the Head of the Institution

Date:

Place

FORM –V

182

(See rule 16)

Application for filing appeal against order passed by the prescribed authority

1. Name and address of the person applying for appeal :
2. Number, date of order and address of the authority which passed the order, against which appeal is being made (certified copy of order to be attached):
3. Ground on which the appeal is being made:
4. List of enclosures other than the order referred in para 2 against which appeal is being filed:

Date :

Signature

Name and Address.....

[F. No. 3-1/2000-HSMD]

(Bishwanath Sinha)
Joint secretary to the Government of India



भारत का राजपत्र The Gazette of India

असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (i)

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (i)

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं. 144]

नई दिल्ली, शुक्रवार, मार्च 16, 2018/फाल्गुन 25, 1939

No. 144]

NEW DELHI, FARIDAY, MARCH 16, 2018/PHALGUNA 25, 1939

पर्यावरण, वन और जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय

अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 16 मार्च, 2018

सा.का.नि 234(अ).—पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) नियम, 1986 के नियम 5 के उप-नियम (4) के साथ पठित पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1986 (1986 का 29) की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) और उप-धारा (2) के खंड (v) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केंद्रीय सरकार, उक्त नियम के नियम 5 के उप-नियम (3) के खंड (क) के अधीन जनहित में दी गई सूचना की अपेक्षा करने के पश्चात्, तारीख 28 मार्च, 2016 की अधिसूचना सं. सा.का.नि 343 (अ) के द्वारा भारत के राजपत्र, असाधारण में प्रकाशित जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन नियम, 2016 के संशोधन के लिए निम्नलिखित नियम बनाती है, अर्थात्:-

1. (1) इन नियमों का संक्षिप्त नाम "जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन (संशोधन) नियम, 2018" है।
(2) ये शासकीय राजपत्र में इनके प्रकाशन की तारीख से प्रवृत्त होंगे।
2. जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन नियम, 2016 (जिन्हें इसमें इसके बाद मूल नियम कहा गया है) के नियम 2 के उप-नियम (2) में, -
(i) खंड (ग) में, "नगरीय ठोस अपशिष्ट (प्रबंधन और हथालन) नियम, 2000" शब्दों, कोष्ठकों और अंकों के स्थान पर "ठोस अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन नियम, 2016" शब्द और अंक रखे जाएंगे;

- (ii) खंड (ड.) में, " परिसंकटमय अपशिष्ट (प्रबंधन, हथालन और सीमापारीय संचलन) नियम, 2008" शब्दों, कोष्ठकों और अंकों के स्थान पर "परिसंकटमय और अन्य अपशिष्ट (प्रबंधन एवं सीमापारीय संचलन) नियम, 2016" शब्द, कोष्ठक और अंक रखे जाएंगे; और
- (iii) खंड (च) में, "ई-अपशिष्ट (प्रबंधन और हथालन) नियम, 2011" शब्दों, कोष्ठकों और अंकों के स्थान पर "ई-अपशिष्ट (प्रबंधन) नियम, 2016" शब्द, कोष्ठक और अंक रखे जाएंगे।

3. मूल नियम में, नियम 4 में, -

(i) खंड (ग) में, विश्व स्वास्थ्य संगठन (डब्ल्यूएचओ) या राष्ट्रीय" से शुरू होने वाले तथा "सुविधा में भेजेगा; से अंत होने वाले भाग के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित को रखा जाएगा, अर्थात्:-

"(ग) विश्व स्वास्थ्य संगठन (डब्ल्यूएचओ) या स्वास्थ्य परिचर्या कार्य-कलापों से उत्पन्न अपशिष्टों के सुरक्षित प्रबंधन संबंधी दिशा-निर्देशों और डब्ल्यूएचओ ब्लू बुक, 2014 के मार्गदर्शक सिद्धांतों के अनुसार प्रयोगशाला अपशिष्ट, माइक्रोबायोलॉजिकल अपशिष्ट, रक्त के नमूनों और रक्त की थैलियों का विसंक्रमण अथवा जीवाणुनाशन के ज़रिए स्थल पर पूर्व शोधन करेगा और उसके बाद अंतिम निपटान के लिए साझा जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट शोधन सुविधा में भेजेगा;"

(ii) खंड (घ) के स्थान पर, निम्नलिखित खंड रखा जाएगा अर्थात्:-

"(घ) 27 मार्च, 2019 तक क्लोरीनेटड प्लास्टिक की थैलियों (रक्त की थैलियों को छोड़कर) और दस्तानों के प्रयोग को चरणबद्ध तरीके से समाप्त करना;"

(iii) खंड (झ) में, "इन नियमों की अधिसूचना की तारीख से एक वर्ष के भीतर किसी भी प्रयोजन के लिए रखना" शब्दों के स्थान पर "केंद्रीय प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड द्वारा जारी दिशा-निर्देशों के अनुसार तारीख 27 मार्च, 2019 तक और शोधन तथा निपटान के लिए" शब्दों एवं अंकों को रखा जाएगा;

(iv) खंड (त) के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित खंड रखा जाएगा, अर्थात्:-

"(त), सभी स्वास्थ्य देख-भाल सुविधाएं (चाहे वहां बिस्तरों की संख्या कितनी भी हो) जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन (संशोधन) नियम, 2018 के प्रकाशन की तारीख से दो वर्षों की अवधि के भीतर अपनी वेबसाइट पर वार्षिक रिपोर्ट उपलब्ध कराएंगी"।

4. मूल नियमों में, नियम (5) में, खंड (ग) में, "एक वर्ष के अंदर" शब्दों के स्थान पर "केंद्रीय प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड द्वारा जारी दिशा-निर्देशों के अनुसार 27 मार्च, 2019 तक" शब्दों, अक्षरों और अंकों को रखा जाएगा।

5. मूल नियमों में, नियम 7 में, खंड (8) में -

(क) "गैर-क्लोरीनीकृत प्लास्टिक की थैलियों का उपयोग बंद कर दिया जाएगा" शब्दों के स्थान पर "क्लोरीनीकृत प्लास्टिक की थैलियों का उपयोग बंद कर दिया जाएगा" शब्दों को रखा जाएगा;

(ख) "प्लास्टिक अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन नियम, 2011" शब्दों और अंकों के स्थान पर "प्लास्टिक अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन नियम, 2016" शब्दों और अंकों को रखा जाएगा।

6. मूल नियमों में, नियम 13 में, उप-नियम (2) में, "को या उसके पूर्व केंद्रीय प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड को" शब्दों के स्थान पर "से पूर्व प्रपत्र IV क में केंद्रीय प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड को" शब्दों, अंकों, कोष्ठकों और अक्षरों को रखा जाएगा।

7. मूल नियमों की अनुसूची I में, -

(क) भाग 1 के अधीन दी गई सारणी में -

(i) 'पीला' श्रेणी के सामने, -

(क) स्तंभ (2) के अधीन मद (छ) में, "शारीरिक द्रव" शब्दों के पश्चात्, "दैनिक मास्क और गाउन" शब्द अंतःस्थापित किए जाएंगे;

(ख) मद (ज) में स्तंभ (3) के अधीन प्रविष्टि के स्थान पर, निम्नलिखित प्रविष्टि रखी जाएगी, अर्थात् :-

"ऑटोक्लेव या माइक्रोवेव या हाइड्रोक्लेव सुरक्षित प्लास्टिक की थैलियां या आधान"

(ग) मद (ज) में स्तंभ (4) के अधीन प्रविष्टि में, "राष्ट्रीय एड्स नियंत्रण संगठन के अनुसार" से शुरू हो रहे तथा "भस्मीकरण के लिए" पर समाप्त हो रहे भाग के स्थान पर, निम्नलिखित को रखा जाएगा, अर्थात् :-

"इसके बाद भस्मन के लिए स्वास्थ्य देखरेख कार्यकलापों से अपशिष्टों के सुरक्षित प्रबंधन संबंधी विश्व स्वास्थ्य संगठन के दिशा-निर्देशों और डब्ल्यूएचओ ब्लू बुक, 2014 के अनुसार स्थल पर गैर-क्लोरीनीकृत रसायनों से पूर्व उपचारित अथवा स्टेरेलाइज:-

(ii) 'नीली' श्रेणी के सामने -

(क) मद (क) में स्तंभ (3) के अधीन प्रविष्टि के स्थान पर, निम्नलिखित मद रखी जाएगी, अर्थात् :-

"(क) नीले रंग की मार्किंग वाले पंकचर पूफ और लीक पूफ बक्से या आधान";

(ख) मद (ख) में स्तंभ (3) के अधीन प्रविष्टि के स्थान पर, निम्नलिखित मद रखी जाएगी, अर्थात् :-

"(ख) नीले रंग की मार्किंग वाले पंकचर पूफ और लीक पूफ बक्से या आधान";

(iii) टिप्पण में, शब्दों और आंकड़ों "अनुसूची-III" के स्थान पर, शब्द और आंकड़े "अनुसूची-II" रखे जाएंगे;

(ख) भाग-2 में, मद (2) में, आंकड़ों "10%" के स्थान पर, आंकड़े "1% से 2% तक" रखे जाएंगे;

8. मूल नियमों की अनुसूची-II में,-

(i) क्रम संख्या 1 में, "उत्सर्जन मानक" से संबंधित भाग ख के अधीन सारणी में, स्तंभ (3) के शीर्षक में, "mgNm³" अक्षरों और आंकड़ों के स्थान पर, अक्षर और आंकड़े "mg/Nm³" रखे जाएंगे;

(ii) क्रम संख्या 8 में, मद (1) में, निम्नलिखित टिप्पण अंतःस्थापित किया जाएगा, अर्थात् :-

"टिप्पण -

1. उपरोक्त सीमाएं, उन स्वास्थ्य देखरेख सुविधाओं (विस्तर वाली) के मालिकों पर लागू हैं, जो या तो टर्मिनल पर मलजल शोधन संयंत्र रहित मल-निर्यास नेटवर्क से जुड़ी हैं या सार्वजनिक सीवरों से नहीं जुड़ी हैं।

2. टर्मिनल सुविधाओं वाले सार्वजनिक सीवरों में निस्सारण हेतु, पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1986 (1986 का 29) के अंतर्गत यथा अधिसूचित सामान्य मानक लागू होंगे।

3. 10 बिस्तरों से कम वाली स्वास्थ्य देखरेख सुविधाओं को 31 दिसम्बर, 2019 तक मलजल शोधन संयंत्र संस्थापित करने होंगे।

4. बिना बिस्तर वाली स्वास्थ्य देखरेख सुविधाओं के मालिक, मूल नियमों की अनुसूची-II (6) के अनुसार विसंक्रमण द्वारा उपचार के बाद ही संक्रमित द्रव अपशिष्ट का निपटान करेंगे।"

9. मूल नियमों की अनुसूची-III में,-

(i) क्रम संख्या 3 के सामने, स्तंभ (3) के अधीन मद (i) में, कोष्ठक, शब्द और आंकड़े "(नियम 9)" के स्थान पर कोष्ठक, शब्द और आंकड़े "(नियम 10)" रखे जाएंगे;

(ii) क्रम संख्या 4 के सामने, स्तंभ (3) के अधीन मद (viii) में, कोष्ठक, शब्द और आंकड़े "(नियम 9)" के स्थान पर कोष्ठक, शब्द और आंकड़े "(नियम 12)" रखे जाएंगे।

10. मूल नियमों में, प्रारूप IV के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित प्रारूप अंतःस्थापित किया जाएगा, अर्थात् :-

"प्रारूप IV क

[नियम 13 (2) देखें]

जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन पर वार्षिक रिपोर्ट संबंधी सूचना के प्रस्तुतिकरण के लिए प्रारूप (राज्य प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्डों अथवा प्रदूषण नियंत्रण समितियों और महानिदेशक, सशस्त्र बल चिकित्सा सेवाओं द्वारा पूर्ववर्ती कैलेंडर वर्ष की जनवरी से दिसम्बर तक की अवधि के लिए हर वर्ष की 31 जुलाई तक अथवा उसके पहले केन्द्रीय प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड को प्रस्तुत किया जाना है)।

भाग-I (सूचना का सारांश)

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) संगठन का नाम- | : |
| (2) नोडल अधिकारी का नाम, टेलीफोन सं. और ई-मेल पते सहित - | : |
| (3) स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सुविधाओं/अधिभोगियों की कुल संख्या- | : |
| (i) बिस्तर युक्त अस्पताल और नर्सिंग होम (बिस्तर युक्त) | : |
| (ii) क्लीनिक, औषधालय | : |
| (iii) पशु चिकित्सा संस्थान | : |
| (iv) पशु आश्रय गृह | : |
| (v) पैथोलॉजिकल प्रयोगशालाएं | : |
| (vi) रक्त बैंक | : |
| (vii) क्लीनिकल प्रतिष्ठान | : |
| (viii) अनुसंधान संस्थान | : |
| (ix) आयुष | : |
| (4) बिस्तरों की कुल संख्या | : |

- (5) प्राधिकार की स्थिति :
- (i) प्राधिकार के लिए आवेदन करने वाले अधिभोक्ताओं की कुल संख्या :
- (ii) प्राधिकार प्रदान किए गए अधिभोक्ताओं की कुल संख्या :
- (iii) विचाराधीन आवेदन पत्रों की कुल संख्या :
- (iv) अस्वीकृत किए गए आवेदन पत्रों की कुल संख्या :
- (v) प्राधिकार के लिए बिना आवेदन प्रचालन कर रहे अधिभोक्ताओं की कुल संख्या :
- (6) जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट सृजन की मात्रा (किग्रा/दिन में) :
- (कृपया भाग-2 के अनुसार जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट सृजन संबंधी जिला-वार सूचना संलग्न करें)
- (i) बिस्तरों की सुविधाओं से युक्त अस्पतालों द्वारा उत्सर्जित जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट (किलो/प्रतिदिन में):
- (ii) बिस्तरों की सुविधाओं के बिना अस्पतालों द्वारा उत्सर्जित जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट (किलो/प्रतिदिन में):
- (iii) कोई अन्य :
- कुलप्रति कि./दिन
- (7) जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट का शोधन और निपटान :
- (क) कैप्टिव जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट शोधन द्वारा और स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सुविधा केन्द्रों द्वारा निपटान (कृपया भाग-3 के अनुसार ब्यौरा संलग्न करें):
- (i) कैप्टिव शोधन और निपटान सुविधाओं युक्त स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सुविधा केन्द्रों की संख्या:
- (ii) कैप्टिव शोधन सुविधाओं द्वारा शोधित और निपटान की गई जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट की कुल मात्रा (कि.ग्राम/दिन में):
- (ख) साझा जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट शोधन सुविधाओं द्वारा शोधित और निपटान की गई जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट (कृपया भाग 4 के अनुसार ब्यौरा संलग्न करें) :
- (i) प्रचालन कर रहे साझा जैव चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट शोधन सुविधाओं की संख्या :
- (ii) निर्माणाधीन साझा जैव चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट शोधन सुविधाओं की संख्या :
- (iii) शोधित किए गए जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट की कुल मात्रा (कि.ग्रा/दिन में) :
- (iv) प्राधिकृत पुनचक्रणकर्ताओं के माध्यम से निपटान किए गए शोधित किए गए जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट की कुल मात्रा (किग्रा/दिन में):
- (8) निम्नलिखित द्वारा उल्लंघन किए गए मामलों की कुल संख्या :
- (i) स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सुविधा केन्द्रों (बिस्तर की सुविधाओं सहित और बिना बिस्तर की सुविधाओं के):
- (ii) साझा जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट शोधन सुविधा केन्द्रों :
- (iii) अन्यो (कृपया विनिर्दिष्ट करें) :

- (9) चूककर्ताओं को जारी किए गए कारण बताओ नोटिस/निदेश :
- (i) स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सुविधा केन्द्रों (बिस्तर की सुविधा वाले और बिना बिस्तर की सुविधा वाले)
- (ii) साझा जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट शोधन सुविधा केन्द्रों :
- (iii) अन्य
- (10) कोई अन्य संगत सूचना :
- (i) वर्ष के दौरान आयोजित कार्यशालाओं/प्रशिक्षणों की संख्या :
- (ii) संस्थापित तरल अपशिष्ट शोधन सुविधा युक्त अधिभोक्ताओं की संख्या :
- (iii) उन कैप्टिव भस्मीकरण यंत्रों की संख्या जो मानकों का अनुपालन कर रहे हैं: :
- (iv) उन अधिभोक्ताओं की संख्या, जिन्होंने प्रशिक्षण आयोजित किया है :
- (v) उन अधिभोक्ताओं की संख्या, जिन्होंने जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन समितियां गठित की हैं :
- (vi) उन अधिभोक्ताओं की संख्या, जिन्होंने पिछले कैलेंडर वर्ष के लिए वार्षिक रिपोर्ट प्रस्तुत की है:
- (vii) उन अधिभोक्ताओं की संख्या, जो प्रयोगशाला माइक्रोबायोलॉजी और जैव-प्रौद्योगिकी अपशिष्ट की पूर्व-शोधन की प्रक्रिया अपना रहे हैं:
- (viii) उन साझा जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट शोधन सुविधा केन्द्रों की संख्या, जिन्होंने सतत ऑनलाईन उत्सर्जन मानीटरी प्रणाली संस्थापित की है:

भाग 2: जिला-वार जैव चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट सृजन (पूर्व कैलेंडर वर्ष के लिए)

क्र.सं.	राज्य/संघ शासित राज्य क्षेत्र का नाम	जिले का नाम	जैव- चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट सृजन (कि.ग्रा./प्रतिदिन)	विद्यमान कुल चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट उपचार क्षमता (कैप्टिव तथा सीबीएमडब्ल्यूटीएफ) कि.ग्रा./प्रतिदिन	
				उपस्कर	कुल
				भष्मक	
				ऑटोक्लेव:	
				गहरा	
				दफन:	
				कोई अन्य	

भाग 3: कैप्टिव उपचार सुविधाओं वाली स्वास्थ्य देख-रेख सुविधाएं (पूर्व कैलेंडर वर्ष के लिए)

क्र.सं.	स्वास्थ्य देख-रेख सुविधा का नाम और पता	जैव- चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट सृजन की मात्रा कि.ग्रा./ (प्रतिदिन)					कुल स्थापित उपचार सुविधाएं) कि.ग्रा./प्रतिदिन				स्वास्थ्य देख-रेख सुविधाओं द्वारा उपचारित और निपटाए गए कुल जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट
		पीला	लाल	नीला	सफेद	कुल सृजित जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट (कि.ग्रा./प्रति दिन)	भष्मक	ऑटोक्लेव	गहरा दफन	कोई अन्य	

(घ) साझा जैव-चिकित्सा सुविधाओं द्वारा सूचित की गई दुर्घटनाओं की संख्या"

[फा. सं. 3-1/2000-एचएसएमडी]

रीतेश कुमार सिंह, संयुक्त सचिव

टिप्पण : मूल नियम भारत के राजपत्र, असाधारण, भाग II, खंड 3, उप-खंड (i) में दिनांक 28 मार्च, 2016 की अधिसूचना सं. सा.का.नि. 343 (अ) के अधीन प्रकाशित किए गए थे।

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 16th March, 2018

G.S.R. 234 (E).— In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) and clause (v) of sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) read with sub-rule (4) of rule 5 of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules to amend the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, vide G.S.R. 343(E), dated the 28th March, 2016, after having dispensed with the requirement of notice under clause (a) of sub-rule (3) of rule 5 of the said rules in public interest, namely:—

1. (1) These rules may be called the Bio-Medical Waste Management (Amendment) Rules, 2018.
(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.
2. In the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 (hereinafter referred to as the principal rules), in rule 2, in sub-rule (2),—
 - (i) in clause (c), for the words, brackets and figures “Municipal Solid Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2000”, the words and figures “Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016” shall be substituted;
 - (ii) in clause (e), for the words, brackets and figures “Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008”, the words, brackets and figures “Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016”, shall be substituted; and
 - (iii) in clause (f), for the words, brackets and figures “E-Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2011”, the words, brackets and figures “E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016”, shall be substituted.
3. In the principal rules, in rule 4,—
 - (i) in clause (c), for the portion beginning with “or National and ending with final disposal”, the following shall be substituted, namely:—
“(c), guidelines on Safe management of wastes from health care activities and WHO Blue Book, 2014 and then sent to the Common bio-medical waste treatment facility for final disposal;”.
 - (ii) for clause (d), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—
“(d) phase out use of chlorinated plastic bags (excluding blood bags) and gloves by the 27th March, 2019;”.
 - (iii) in clause (i), for the words “place for any purpose within one year from the date of the notification of these rules”, the words and figures “for the further treatment and disposal in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Central Pollution Control Board by 27th March, 2019” shall be substituted;
 - (iv) for clause (p), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—
“(p) ,all the health care facilities (any number of beds) shall make available the annual report on its web-site within a period of two years from the date of publication of Bio-Medical Waste Management (Amendment) Rules, 2018;”.
4. In the principal rules, in rule (5), in clause (c), for the words “within one year”, the words, letters and figures “in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Central Pollution Control Board by 27th March, 2019” shall be substituted.
5. In the principal rules, in rule 7, in clause (8),—

- (a) for the words “phase out use of non-chlorinated plastic bags”, the words “phase out use of chlorinated plastic bags” shall be substituted;
- (b) for the words and figures “the Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2011”, the words and figures “the Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016” shall be substituted.
6. In the principal rules, in rule 13, in sub-rule (2), for the words “Central Pollution Control Board on or before”, the words, figures, brackets and letter “Central Pollution Control Board in Form IVA before” shall be substituted.
7. In the Schedule I to the principal rules,—
- (a) in the Table under part 1—
- (i) against the category yellow,—
- (A) in item (g) under column (2), after the words “body fluid”, the words “, routine mask and gown” shall be inserted;
- (B) against item (h), for the entry under column (3), the following entry shall be substituted, namely:-
“Autoclave or Microwave or Hydroclave safe plastic bags or containers”;
- (C) against item (h), in the entry under column (4), for the portion beginning with “as per National AIDS Control Organisation”, and ending with “for incineration”, the following shall be substituted, namely:-
“as per World Health Organisation guidelines on Safe management of wastes from health care activities and WHO Blue Book, 2014 and thereafter sent for incineration”;
- (ii) against the category blue—
- (A) against item (a), for the entry under column (3), the following item shall be substituted, namely:-
“(a) Puncture proof and leak proof boxes or containers with blue colored marking”;
- (B) against item (b) for the entry under column (3), the following item shall be substituted, namely:-
“(b) Puncture proof and leak proof boxes or containers with blue colored marking”;
- (iii) in the Note, for the word and figures “Schedule - III”, the word and figures “Schedule - II” shall be substituted;
- (b) in Part - 2, in item (2), for the figures “10 %”, the figures “1% to 2%” shall be substituted;
8. In Schedule II to the principal rules,—
- (i) in serial number 1, in the Table under Part B relating to “Emission Standards”, in column heading under (3), for the letters and figure “mgNm³” the letters and figure “mg/Nm³” shall be substituted;
- (ii) in serial number 8, in item (1), the following Note shall be inserted, namely:-
“*Note—*
1. *Above limits are applicable to the occupiers of Health Care Facilities (bedded) which are either connected with sewerage network without terminal sewage treatment plant or not connected to public sewers.*
 2. *For discharge into public sewers with terminal facilities, the general standards as notified under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) shall be applicable.*
 3. *Health Care Facilities having less than ten beds shall have to install Sewage Treatment Plant by the 31st December, 2019.*
 4. *Non-bedded occupiers shall dispose infectious liquid wastes only after treatment by disinfection as per Schedule - II (6) of the principal rules.”.*
9. In Schedule - III to the principal rules,—
- (i) against serial number 3, in item (i) under column (3), for the brackets, word and figure “(Rule 9)”, the brackets, word and figure “(Rule 10)” shall be substituted;
- (ii) against serial number 4, in item (viii) under column (3), for the brackets, word and figure “(Rule 9)”, the brackets, word and figure “(Rule 12)” shall be substituted.

10. In the principal rules, after Form IV, the following Form shall be inserted, namely:—

“Form IVA

[See rule 13(2)]

Format for Submission of the Annual Report Information on Bio-medical Waste Management (to be submitted by the State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees and Director General Armed Forces Medical Services to Central Pollution Control Board on or before 31st July of every year for the period from January to December of the preceding calendar year)

Part-1 (Summary of Information)

- | | | | |
|--------|--|---|--------------|
| (1) | Name of the Organisation | : | |
| (2) | Name of the Nodal Officer with contact telephone number and e-mail | : | |
| (3) | Total no. of Health Care Facilities / Occupiers | : | |
| (i) | Bedded Hospitals and Nursing Homes (bedded) | : | |
| (ii) | Clinics, dispensaries | : | |
| (iii) | Veterinary institutions | : | |
| (iv) | Animal houses | : | |
| (v) | Pathological laboratories | : | |
| (vi) | Blood banks | : | |
| (vii) | Clinical establishment | : | |
| (viii) | Research Institutions | : | |
| (ix) | AYUSH | : | |
| (4) | Total no. of beds | : | |
| (5) | Status of authorisation | : | |
| (i) | Total number of Occupiers applied for authorisation | : | |
| (ii) | Total number of Occupiers granted authorisation | : | |
| (iii) | Total number of application under consideration | : | |
| (iv) | Total number of applications rejected | : | |
| (v) | Total number of Occupiers in operation without applying for authorisation | : | |
| (6) | Quantity of Bio-medical Waste Generation (in kg/day) | : | |
| | (please enclose District Wise Bio-medical Waste Generation as per Part-2) | | |
| (i) | Bio-medical waste generation by bedded hospitals(in kg/day) | : | |
| (ii) | Bio-medical waste generation by non-bedded hospitals (in kg/day) | : | |
| (iii) | Any other | : | |
| | Total | : | _____ Kg/day |
| (7) | Bio-medical waste treatment and disposal | | |
| (a) | By Captive bio-medical waste treatment and disposal by Health Care Facilities (please enclose details as per Part-3) | | |
| (i) | Number of Health Care Facilities having captive treatment and Disposal facilities : | | |
| (ii) | Total bio-medical waste treated and disposed by captive treatment facilities in kg/day : | | |
| (b) | Bio-medical waste treatment and disposal by Common Bio Medical Waste Treatment Facilities (please enclose details as per Part 4) | | |
| (i) | Number of Common Bio Medical Waste Treatment Facilities in Operation : | | |
| (ii) | Number of Common Bio Medical Waste Treatment Facilities under construction : | | |

- (iii) Total bio-medical waste treated in kg/day :
- (iv) Total treated bio-medical waste disposed through authorised recyclers (in Kg/day) :
- (8) Total no. of violation by :
- (i) Health Care Facilities (bedded and non-bedded) :
- (ii) Common Bio Medical Waste Treatment Facilities :
- (iii) Others (please specify) :
- (9) Show cause notices/directions issued to defaulters :
- (i) Health Care Facilities (bedded and non-bedded) :
- (ii) Common Bio Medical Waste Treatment Facilities :
- (iii) Others :
- (10) Any other relevant information:
- (i) Number of workshops / trainings conducted during the year :
- (ii) Number of occupiers installed liquid waste treatment facility :
- (iii) Number of captive incinerators complying to the norms :
- (iv) Number of occupiers organised trainings :
- (v) Number of occupiers constituted Bio-medical Waste Management Committees :
- (vi) Number of occupiers submitted Annual Report for the previous calendar year :
- (vii) Number of occupiers practising pre-treatment of lab microbiology and Bio-technology waste :
- (viii) Number of Common Bio Medical Waste Treatment Facilities that have installed Continuous Online Emission Monitoring Systems :

Part 2: District-wise Bio-medical Waste Generation (for the previous calendar year

S. No.	Name of the State / Union Territory	Name of the District	Bio-medical Waste Generation (in Kg/day)	Existing Total bio-medical waste treatment capacity (both captive and CBMWTF) in kg/day	
				Equipment	Total
				Incinerator:	
				Autoclave:	
				Deep	
				Burial:	
				Any other:	

Part 3 : Information on Health Care Facilities having captive treatment facilities (for the previous calendar Year

S. No.	Name and address of the Health Care Facility	Quantity of Bio-medical Waste Generation (in kg/day)					Total Installed Treatment Capacity in kg/day				Total bio-medical waste treated and disposed by Health Care Facilities in kg/day	
		Yellow	Red	Blue	White	Total bio-medical waste generated (in kg/day)	Incinerator	Autoclave	Deep Burial	Any other		
												Incinerator:
												Autoclave:
												Deep
												Burial:
												Any other:
												Total:

Part 4: Information on Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment and Disposal Facilities (for the previous calendar Year

S. No.	Name and Address of the Common Bio	GPS Coordinates	Coverage Area in KMS	Name of the cities/ areas covered	Total number of Health Care Facilities	Total number of beds covered	Total Quantity of Bio-Medical Waste	Capacity of Treatment equipments installed by Common Bio Medical Waste Treatment Facilities	Total Bio-Medical waste treated in	Method of Disposal of treated wastes (Incineration Ash/Sharps/Plas
--------	------------------------------------	-----------------	----------------------	-----------------------------------	--	------------------------------	-------------------------------------	---	------------------------------------	--

Medical Waste Treatment Facilities with contact person name and telephone number			by Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facilities	being covered		collected from member Health Care Facilities (in Kg/day)	Equipment	Numbers	Total installed capacity (kg/day)	kg/day	tics)
							Incinerator				Incineration Ash:
							Plasma Pyrolysis				Quantity: Disposed by:
							Autoclave Hydroclave				Sharps:
							Microwave				Quantity: Disposed by:
							Shredder				Plastics:
							Sharps encapsulation or concrete pit				Quantity: Disposed by:
							Deep burial pits				
							Any other equipment				
							Effluent Treatment Plant				ETP Sludge: Quantity: Disposed by:
							Sub-total				

- (a) Total Number of transportation vehicles used for collection of Bio-medical Waste on daily basis by the Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facilities:
- (b) List of Health Care Facilities not having membership with the Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facilities and neither having captive treatment facilities:
- (c) Number of trainings organised by the Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facility operators:
- (d) Number of Accidents **reported by the Common Bio Medical Waste Treatment Facilities**.”

[F. No. 3-1/2000-HSMD]
RITESH KUMAR SINGH, Jt. Secy.

Note: The principal rules were published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (i), vide G.S.R. 343(E), dated the 28th March, 2016.



भारत का राजपत्र The Gazette of India

असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (i)

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (i)

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं. 113]

नई दिल्ली, बुधवार, फरवरी 20, 2019/फाल्गुन 1, 1940

No. 113]

NEW DELHI, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 2019/PHALGUNA 1, 1940

पर्यावरण, वन और जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय

अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 19 फरवरी, 2019

सा.का.नि. 129(अ).—पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) नियम, 1986 के नियम 5 के उप-नियम (4) के साथ पठित पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1986 (1986 का 29) की धारा 6, 8 और 25 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केंद्रीय सरकार, उक्त नियम के नियम 5 के उप-नियम (3) के खंड (क) के अधीन जनहित में दी गई सूचना की अपेक्षा को समाप्त करने के पश्चात्, जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन नियम, 2016 में और संशोधन करने के लिए निम्नलिखित नियम बनाती है, अर्थात्:-

1. (1) इन नियमों को जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन (संशोधन) नियम, 2019 कहा जाएगा।
(2) ये राजपत्र में इनके प्रकाशन की तारीख को प्रवृत्त होंगे।
2. जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन नियम, 2016 (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त नियम कहा गया है) के नियम 4 में, -
 - (i) खंड (ढ) के लिए, निम्नलिखित खंड प्रतिस्थापित किया जाएगा, अर्थात्:-
"(ढ), सभी बिस्तरयुक्त स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों के मामले में, दिन-प्रतिदिन के आधार पर जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन रजिस्टर रखे और उसे अद्यतन करे और अनुसूची-1 में यथा विनिर्दिष्ट श्रेणी एवं रंग की कोडिंग की दृष्टि से सृजित जैव चिकित्सा अपशिष्टों के अनुसार मासिक अभिलेख को वेबसाइट पर प्रदर्शित करें;"
 - (ii) खंड (त) के लिए, निम्नलिखित खंड प्रतिस्थापित किया जाएगा, अर्थात्:-

"(त), सभी बिस्तरयुक्त स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों के मामले में, (चाहे बिस्तरों की संख्या कितनी भी हो), जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन (संशोधन) नियम, 2018 के प्रकाशन की तिथि से दो वर्षों की अवधि के अंदर अपनी वेबसाइट पर वार्षिक रिपोर्ट उपलब्ध कराएं;"।

3. उक्त नियमों की अनुसूची-II में, क्रम सं. 8 के सामने, मद सं. (1) में, टिप्पण में, खंड-3 के लिए, निम्नलिखित खंड प्रतिस्थापित किया जाएगा, अर्थात्:-

"3. दस बिस्तरों से कम वाले स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों को 31 दिसम्बर, 2019 की तारीख तक द्रव अपशिष्ट पदार्थ के लिए आउटपुट स्लाव मानक का अनुपालन करना होगा।

4. उक्त नियमों की अनुसूची-III में,-

(i) क्र. सं. 3 के सामने, स्तंभ (3) में, मद सं. (vi) के पश्चात्, निम्नलिखित मद अंतर्लिखित की जाएगी, अर्थात्:-

"(vii) महानिदेशक, सशस्त्र बल चिकित्सा सेवा द्वारा प्रचालित चिकित्सा निरीक्षण (एमआई) कक्ष, जहाजों पर रोगी कक्ष या पनडुब्बी, स्टेशन चिकित्सा केन्द्र तथा अग्रिम स्थानों में स्थित क्षेत्र अस्पताल का निरीक्षण और निगरानी।"

(ii) क्र.सं. 4 के सामने, स्तंभ (3) में, मद सं. (viii) के लिए, निम्नलिखित मद अंतर्विष्ट की जाएगी, अर्थात्:-

"(vii) महानिदेशक, सशस्त्र बल चिकित्सा सेवा द्वारा प्रचालित चिकित्सा निरीक्षण (एमआई) कक्षों, जहाजों पर रोगी कक्ष या पनडुब्बी, स्टेशन चिकित्सा केन्द्रों तथा अग्रिम स्थानों में स्थित क्षेत्र अस्पतालों को छोड़कर अन्य स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों का निरीक्षण और निगरानी (नियम-9)।"

[फा.सं.3-1/2000-एचएसएमडी]

रितेश कुमार सिंह, संयुक्त सचिव

टिप्पण : मूल नियम भारत के राजपत्र, असाधारण, भाग-II, खंड 3, उप-खंड (i) में अधिसूचना सं. सा.का.नि. 343 (अ) तारीख 28 मार्च, 2016 द्वारा प्रकाशित किए गए थे और पश्चात्पूर्वी अधिसूचना सं. सा.का.नि. 234 (अ) तारीख 16 मार्च, 2018 द्वारा संशोधित किए गए थे।

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 19th February, 2019

G.S.R. 129(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 6,8 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) read with sub-rule (4) of rule 5 of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, the Central Government, after having dispensed with the requirement of notice under clause(a) of sub-rule (3) of rule 5 of the said rule in public interest, hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016, namely:-

1. (1) These rules may be called the Bio-Medical Waste Management (Amendment) Rules, 2019.
- (2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. In the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 (herein after referred to as the said rules), in rule 4,-
- (i) For clause (n), the following clause, shall be substituted, namely:-
- “(n) ,in case of all bedded health care units, maintain and update on day to day basis the bio-medical waste management register and display the monthly record on its website according to the bio-medical waste generated in terms of category and colour coding as specified in Schedule I;”;
- (ii) For clause (p), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-
- “(p) ,in case of all bedded health care facilities (any number of beds), make available the annual report on its web-site within a period of two years from the date of publication of the Bio-Medical Waste Management (Amendment) Rules, 2018;”.
3. In Schedule II to the said rules, against serial number 8, in item (1), in the Note, for clause 3, the following clause shall be substituted, namely: -
- “3. *Health Care Facilities having less than ten beds shall have to comply with the output discharge standard for liquid waste by 31st December, 2019.*”
4. In Schedule III to the said rules, -
- (i) Against serial number 3, in column (3), after item (vi), the following item shall be inserted, namely: -
- “(viii) Inspection and monitoring of Medical Inspection (MI) rooms, sick bays onboard ships or submarines, station medical centres and field hospitals in forward locations operated by the Director General, Armed Force Medical Services.”;
- (ii) Against serial number 4, in column (3), for item (viii), the following item shall be substituted, namely: -
- “(viii) Inspection and monitoring of health care facilities other than Medical Inspection (MI) rooms, sick bays on board ships or submarines, station medical centres and field hospitals in forward locations operated by the Director General, Armed Forces Medical Services (Rule-9).”.

[F. No. 3-1/2000-HSMD]
RITESH KUMAR SINGH, Jt. Secy.

Note : The Principal rules were published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R. 343(E), dated the 28th March, 2016 and subsequently amended vide number G.S.R. 234(E), dated the 16th March, 2018.



भारत का राजपत्र The Gazette of India

असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (i)

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (i)

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं. 300]	नई दिल्ली, सोमवार, मई 13, 2019/वैशाख 23, 1941
No. 300]	NEW DELHI, MONDAY, MAY 13, 2019/VAISAKHA 23, 1941

पर्यावरण, वन और जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय

अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 10 मई, 2019

सा.का. नि. 360(अ).—पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) नियम, 1986 के नियम 5 के उप-नियम (4) के साथ पठित पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1986 (1986 का 29) की धारा 6, 8 और 25 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केंद्रीय सरकार उक्त नियम के नियम 5 के उप-नियम (3) के खंड (क) के अधीन जनहित में दी गई सूचना की अपेक्षा को समाप्त करने के पश्चात्, जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन नियम, 2016 का और संशोधन करने के लिए निम्नलिखित नियम बनाती है, अर्थात् :—

1. (1) इन नियमों का संक्षिप्त नाम जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन (दूसरा संशोधन) नियम, 2019 है।

(2) ये राजपत्र में इनके प्रकाशन की तारीख को प्रवृत्त होंगे।

2. जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन नियम, 2016 (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त नियम कहा गया है) के नियम 4 में, खण्ड (घ) में, निम्नलिखित स्पष्टीकरण अन्तःस्थापित किया जाएगा, अर्थात् :-

“स्पष्टीकरण – शंकाओं के दूर करने के लिए यह स्पष्ट किया जाता है कि “क्लोरीनीकृत प्लास्टिक थैलियों” अभिव्यक्ति में मूत्र थैलियां, बहिःस्राव थैलियां, उदरीय थैलियां और वक्षीय जल निकास थैलियां सम्मिलित नहीं होंगी।”

3. उक्त नियमों की अनुसूची 3 की क्रम सं. 4 के सामने, स्तंभ (3) की मद सं. (vii) में, जो “महानिदेशक, सशस्त्र बल चिकित्सा सेवा द्वारा प्रचालित चिकित्सा निरीक्षण (एमआइ) कक्षों, जहाजों पर रोगी कक्ष या पनडुब्बी, स्टेशन चिकित्सा केन्द्रों तथा अग्रिम स्थानों में स्थित क्षेत्र अस्पतालों को छोड़कर अन्य स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों का निरीक्षण और निगरानी (नियम 9) में “(vii)” कोष्ठक और अंक के स्थान पर “(viii)” कोष्ठक और अंक रखे जाएंगे।

[फा.सं. 3-1/2000-एचएसएमडी]

अरविन्द कुमार नौटियाल, संयुक्त सचिव

टिप्पण : मूल नियम भारत के राजपत्र, असाधारण, भाग-II, खंड 3, उप-खंड (i) में अधिसूचना सं. सा.का.नि. 343 (अ) तारीख, 28 मार्च, 2016 द्वारा प्रकाशित किए गए थे और तत्पश्चात् इनमें अधिसूचना सं. सा.का.नि. 234 (अ) तारीख 16 मार्च, 2018 और सं. सा.का.नि. 129 (अ) 19 फरवरी, 2019 द्वारा संशोधन किए गए थे।

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 10th May, 2019

G.S.R. 360(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 6, 8 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) read with sub-rule (4) of rule 5 of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, the Central Government, after having dispensed with the requirement of notice under clause (a) of sub-rule (3) of rule 5 of the said rule in public interest, hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016, namely:—

1. (1) These rules may be called the Bio-Medical Waste Management (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019.
(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.
2. In the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 (hereinafter referred to as the said rules), in rule 4, in clause (d), the following Explanation shall be inserted, namely:—
“**Explanation.**— For removal of doubts, it is hereby clarified that the expression “Chlorinated plastic bags” shall not include urine bags, effluent bags, abdominal bags and chest drainage bags.”.
3. In Schedule III to the said rules, against serial number 3, in column (3), in item (viii), for the brackets and letters “(viii)”, the brackets and letters “(vii)” shall be substituted.

[F. No. 3-1/2000-HSMD]

ARVIND KUMAR NAUTIYAL, Jt. Secy.

Note: The principal rules were published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R. 343(E), dated the 28th March, 2016 and subsequently amended *vide* number G.S.R. 234(E), dated the 16th March, 2018 and number G.S.R. 129(E), dated the 19th February, 2019.

Item No.04

(Court No. 2)

**BEFORE THE NATIONAL GREEN TRIBUNAL
PRINCIPAL BENCH AT NEW DELHI**

(Through Physical Hearing with Hybrid V.C. Option)

Original Application No. 820/2022

Naveen Kumar

...Applicant

Versus

Union of India & Ors.

...Respondents

Date of hearing: 18.11.2022

**CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE ARUN KUMAR TYAGI, JUDICIAL MEMBER
HON'BLE DR. AFROZ AHMAD, EXPERT MEMBER**

Applicant: Mr. Gaurav Bansal, Advocate.

Application under Section 14 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

ORDER

1. Naveen Kumar has filed the present application under section 14 of the National Green Tribunal Act – 2010 complaining that Shivalik Hospital is running its 10 bedded hospital in a residential plot in non-confirming area at Una Himachal Pradesh in violation of the Master Plan of Department of Town and Country Planning, Himachal Pradesh and without obtaining the Consent to Operate under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and authorisation under the Bio Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016.

2. *Prima facie*, the allegations made in the application raise questions relating to environment arising out of the implementation of the enactments specified in Schedule I to the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

3. Notice of the application be issued to the respondents requiring them to file reply by e-mail at judicial-ngt@gov.in preferably in the form of searchable PDF/OCR Supported PDF and not in the form of Image PDF.

4. List for further consideration on 23.01.2023.

Arun Kumar Tyagi, JM

Dr. Afroz Ahmad, EM

November 18, 2022
AG

1 2022 "BY EMAIL & SPEEDPOST A.D."
BEFORE THE NATIONAL GREEN TRIBUNAL, NEW DELHI
ORIGINAL APPLICATION NO. 820 OF 2022
Naveen Kumar Vs Union of India & Ors.

To

1. **Union of India**
Through its Secretary,
Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change,
Paryavaran Bhawan, Jorbagh, New Delhi-110003
Email Address: secy-moef@nic.in (RESPONDENT NO.1)
2. **Central Pollution Control Board**
Through Its Member Secretary,
Paryavaran Bhawan, East Arjun Nagar,
Delhi-110032
Email Address: msecb.cpcb@nic.in (RESPONDENT NO.2)
3. **State of Himachal Pradesh**
Through chief Secretary,
Secretariat Office, Shimla,
Himachal Pradesh
Email Address: cs-hp@nic.in (RESPONDENT NO.3)
4. **Himachal Pradesh State Pollution Control Board**
Through Member Secretary, Paryavaran Bhawan,
Phase-III, Below BCS, New Shimla, H.P.
Email Address: mstatepcb-hp@nic.in (RESPONDENT NO.4)
5. **Principal Scientific Officer**
Himachal Pradesh State Pollution Control Board,
Sector-IV, S.C.F.6-8, HPSEP & PCB,
Parwanoo, Solan, H.P. (RESPONDENT NO.5)
6. **Department of Town And Country Planning**
Through Chief Executive Officer,
Yojana Bhawan, Block N, 32-A,
SDA Complex, Vikas Nagar,
Shimla, H.P.-171009
Email Address: tcp-hp@nic.in (RESPONDENT NO.6)
7. **District Magistrate Una**
DM Office, Una, H.P.
Email Address: dc-una-hp@nic.in (RESPONDENT NO.7)
8. **Shivalik Hospital**
Through Medical Officer,
Jhalera, Block Amb,
District Una, H.P. (RESPONDENT NO.8)

NOTICE

Whereas the above titled Application was listed before the Hon'ble Tribunal on 18.11.2022 (copy of order and petition are enclosed), when the Tribunal inter-alia passed the following order (reproduced relevant extracts only):-

"3. Notice of the application be issued to the respondents requiring them to file reply by e-mail at judicial-ngt@gov.in preferably in the form of searchable PDF/OCR Supported PDF and not in the form of Image PDF.

4. List for further consideration on 23.01.2023."

-*****-

2. Now, take further notice that the above matter will be listed for further consideration before the Hon'ble Tribunal on 23rd January, 2023, at **Faridkot House, Copernicus Marg, New Delhi-110001** through physical hearing (with hybrid option), when you may appear before the Hon'ble Tribunal either in person or by a pleader duly instructed, and file responses/replies, as per directions of the Hon'ble Tribunal vide Order dated 18.11.2022.

3. Take further notice that in default of your appearance on the date above mentioned, the said Application will be heard and determined in your absence.

4. Given under my hand and the seal of this Tribunal, on this 25th November, 2022.

Note: (For Orders, Cause Lists & other information, please visit our website www.greentribunal.gov.in)

20/11/2022
Consultant (Judicial), NGT

